

Congressional Record

United States of America

Proceedings and debates of the 117^{th} congress, first session

Vol. 167

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 2021

House of Representatives

The House met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MRVAN).

DESIGNATION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

> Washington, DC, November 4, 2021.

I hereby appoint the Honorable FRANK J. MRVAN to act as Speaker pro tempore on this

NANCY PELOSI, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

MORNING-HOUR DEBATE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the order of the House of January 4, 2021, the Chair will now recognize Members from lists submitted by the majority and minority leaders for morning-hour debate.

The Chair will alternate recognition between the parties, with time equally allocated between the parties and each Member other than the majority and minority leaders and the minority whip limited to 5 minutes, but in no event shall debate continue beyond 11:50 a.m.

AFGHANISTAN AFTERMATH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. McClintock) for 5 min-

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, the President hasn't mentioned Afghanistan since he turned the phased, conditional withdrawal under Trump into an unconditional surrender to Taliban. Nor has he yet found the time to see, much less admit, the chaos that his policies have produced by collapsing our southern border.

Yet, putting these things out of sight and mind doesn't change the dangers they have unleashed. I am afraid that together, they pose a terrifying prospect for our country that Americans should prepare themselves to face in coming days.

Trump's phased withdrawal included keeping Bagram Air Base. This strategic American asset ensured that U.S. airpower could be projected throughout the region as both a bulwark to support the Afghan defense forces and a deterrent to the extremist regimes throughout the Middle East. In addition, Bagram included the Parwan Detention Facility that held, under Afghan control, between 5,000 and 7,000 hardened

Instead, Mr. Biden ordered-and his woke generals executed—a surprise abandonment of Bagram in the dead of night without even notifying our allies. It took the Afghan Government by complete surprise and set off a shockwave that resulted in the rapid collapse of Afghan forces. In turn, this meant not only the loss of billions of dollars of U.S. military equipment to the very forces that attacked us on 9/ 11, but also the release of the most dangerous terrorists in the world.

Now, we know where one of those terrorists went. Ten days later, Abdul Rehman detonated a bomb at the airport in Kabul, killing 13 of our servicemen and -women, including a constituent of mine, Sergeant Nicole Gee of Roseville, California.

That is what one of them did. We still don't know where the thousands of other terrorists released from Bagram are or the plans they are pursuing.

I think it is a very good bet that more than a few of them are making their way right now to our open southern border. We know the Border Patrol has intercepted a number of known terrorists already. The Government of Panama told Congressman Gonzales from Texas that it intercepted 52 known terrorists with intent to make their way into the United States and

tried in vain to warn the Biden administration.

What we don't know is how many have already infiltrated our country among the tens of thousands admitted by the Biden administration since the surrender of Bagram. We don't know how many more are among the gotaways who escaped the Border Patrol while it has been overwhelmed processing the masses who responded to Biden's open border invitation. Nor do we know how many radicalized Taliban or ISIS-K are among the nearly 100,000 evacuees being admitted into the United States from Afghanistan.

The Homeland Security Secretary, Mr. Mayorkas, informed us that it is not necessary for them to show that they assisted U.S. forces, but only that we don't know of any hostile actions that they have committed. In other words, if we don't know who they are or what they plan, that is sufficient for permanent residence in the United

Americans should brace themselves for what is surely coming. If these terrorists, unleashed because of the President's policy in Afghanistan, are able to make their way into our country because of the President's immigration policy, I am afraid that the price paid by innocent Americans will be horrendous. The mass bombings we read about in other countries may soon arrive on our shores, and if they do, the responsibility will rest squarely with the President, his administration, and his apologists in both public office and the press.

On October 14, I requested Mr. Mayorkas to provide the number of foreign nationals encountered on our southern border by nationality, the number that were in the Terrorist Screening Database, and whether any were imprisoned at Bagram Air Base. As of this date, we have received no response.

☐ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., ☐ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



Mr. President, wake up. This terror is coming. For all we know, it is already on its way. For all we know, it is already here. For God's sake, secure our border, start enforcing our immigration laws, fully vet any asylum claims or refugees before they are admitted into our country. Or else, be prepared to bear the full condemnation of history for the terrors you will have set in motion against your country and your countrymen, betraying the highest trust in the land.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Members are reminded to address their remarks to the Chair and not to a perceived viewing audience.

TRENDING TOWARD AUTHORITARIANISM

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. QUIGLEY) for 5 minutes.

Mr. QUIGLEY. Mr. Speaker, author and historian Timothy Snyder said in his book, "On Tyranny: Twenty Lessons from the Twentieth Century," that "history does not repeat, but it does instruct."

Indeed, we must constantly work to preserve our democratic institutions from those who wish to threaten them because one of the most powerful instructions or lessons from the last century is that democracy is deeply fragile, and more importantly, it can trend and fall into authoritarianism.

There are those in this country who are ignoring the lessons of the past, or worse. Some of the most popular news programs, Facebook groups, and social media networks are those that spread deliberate or negligent misinformation for partisan gain, sure, but for financial gain especially.

In 2018, the American Institutional Confidence Poll found that only 69 percent of Americans believed democracy is always preferable to any other kind of government. The remaining 31 percent either reported that they were open to authoritarianism under some circumstances or they were so disillusioned with politics that the type of government didn't matter.

While 69 percent may not seem alarming, it is nearly the same number of Hungarians who reported that democratic values, such as multiparty elections, were "very important" the same year that autocratic Hungarian Prime Minister Viktor Orban began his ascent to power.

Alarmingly, American conservative pundits have been praising Orban for his brand of strongman authoritar ianism for months, while Orban's rule has been marked by state control of the media; restrictions on LGBTQ and immigrant communities; and suppression of free speech, a free media, and political opposition.

Despite Orban's assault on global democratic values, conservative commentators here at home have endorsed his policies and have held him up as an example of what Americans should look for in a leader. These pundits have praised him for rejecting immigrants and refugees and have embraced his brand of ethnoreligious nationalism.

This praise for autocratic leaders and authoritarianism is dangerous.

Perhaps many believe that what happened in Hungary, the swift consolidation of political power and manipulation of political institutions, could not happen here. But one of the important lessons of the Trump Presidency is that we cannot afford to be complacent.

Over the past 4 years, we watched media and leaders on the right excuse or even support former President Trump as he leaned into authoritar ianism and incited violence. During his time in office, the former President's actions often echoed those of strongmen like Orban.

The former President used his office to target political rivals, including the efforts in Ukraine that ultimately led to his impeachment, treated the Department of Justice as his own personal police force, violently put down protests against him, used the Presidency to enrich himself, embraced political strongmen across the globe, and intentionally inflamed political tensions to his own benefit.

I believe history can and should continue to inform us, but we don't have to look back very far. The trends developing around the world and in our own country are warning about the threat of authoritarianism.

At a time when political polarization has led to violent attacks on democratic institutions across the country and in this very room, it is reckless to be feeding into these divisions.

They are preying on deep ideological divides in this country and on their followers' fears. They exploit economic anxieties and concerns over immigration and globalization. They advocate for a society where the voices of those who offer different opinions are threatened or silenced.

A poll just released by the Public Religion Research Institute found that 40 percent of those who subscribe to the farthest right media agree with the statement that "true American patriots may have to resort to violence in order to save this country."

These statistics should be alarming to all of us. But those who peddle incendiary and harmful rhetoric are using the trends toward authoritar ianism to their cynical advantage.

Authoritarianism thrives on polarization and uncertainty. Those who exploit, not repair, these cracks in our democracy do so for the explicit purpose of increasing their own power.

We must recognize their true intentions and work to preserve the democracy they seek to threaten.

All media outlets have an obligation to present Orban and others like him as they are, repressive demagogues who threaten liberty and the rule of law.

We must continue to recognize our common interests and those that have

made our country the envy of the world: our freedoms of expression, economic mobility, and our deep cultural richness.

Orban's rule is a warning to all of us.

RECOGNIZING STAFF OF LEVINE CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) for 5 minutes.

Mr. NORMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to enter into the 117th CONGRESSIONAL RECORD an example of service beyond the call of duty of two surgeons and an amazing team of nurses and staff working at the Levine Children's Hospital located in Charlotte, North Carolina.

On Sunday, August 22, 2021, while enjoying a relaxing day at our family farm, our 5-year-old grandson, Blair Beckham, got his hand entangled in the steel winch located at the front of a four-wheeler while attempting to pull a canoe out of a pond.

I was able to pull his hand out of the winch just before his entire arm would have been severed by the steel pulley, but not before his index finger was severed and attached only by a single artery and his middle finger remained attached, but all veins, bones, and joints were totally shattered.

I immediately wrapped his hand in a towel and drove to the emergency room at our local hospital, where he spent 3 hours before the ambulance transported him to Levine Children's Hospital located in Charlotte, North Carolina.

The ambulance arrived at the Levine Children's Hospital at 9 p.m., and it was there that Dr. Dan Lewis, a faculty member of OrthoCarolina and a member of the American Association of Hand Surgeons, and Dr. Keith Nord, who had instructed the staff at the emergency room at Piedmont Medical Center on the medical procedures to take while Blair was being transported to the Levine Children's Hospital and who was a specialist in hand surgery and serving a fellowship at the hospital, examined Blair and scheduled him immediately for emergency surgery that night.

The expedient and easy determination for these doctors to make would have been to amputate both fingers, as the loss of two fingers was not lifethreatening and the surgery involved attaching the index finger, which was dangling by a lone vein, which was the size of one-fourth of the width of a human hair, and totally reconstructing the middle finger, which was completely shattered. The decision, however, was made to attempt to save the two fingers and to perform a surgery that lasted over 5 hours, beginning on a Sunday night at 11:30 p.m. and ending at 4:30 a.m.

Blair stayed in Levine Children's Hospital for 8 days, August 22 through August 29, where he had medical leech

therapy, which is a rarely used treatment prescribed by Dr. Lewis that provided the necessary suction for obtaining adequate blood flow for the severed finger.

Dr. Lewis and Dr. Nord, along with the entire nursing staff, went above the call of duty to take part in a successful surgery lasting over 5 hours, until the middle of the night, in order that a 5year-old boy could have a normal hand with all five fingers.

The 2 weeks of post-op care by Dr. Lewis and Dr. Nord was exceptional, and Blair now has the full use of the two once-damaged fingers on a fully functional hand.

The dedication and passion that Dr. Lewis and Dr. Nord demonstrated, along with the nurses and staff, where they were willing to sacrifice their time and use their medical talent to perform a surgery that had a minimal chance of success was a testament to the age-old statement "service above self."

Dr. Dan Lewis and Dr. Keith Nord are a living testimony of the Hippocratic oath, which they swore to uphold as medical professionals. As the ending statement reads, "May I always act so as to preserve the finest traditions of my calling and may I long experience the joy of healing those who seek my help."

May God bless those two doctors and nurses and staff that made this surgery a total success.

□ 1015

FEDERAL TRIO PROGRAM

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Wisconsin (Ms. Moore) for 5 minutes.

Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss something that is very, very important to me as public policy, but it is something that is really personal to me, and that is the Federal TRIO Programs.

The TRIO programs are a set of higher education initiatives authorized by the Higher Education Act of 1965 that provide an educational opportunity to first-generation, low-income students.

You see, in 1969, at age 18, as a high school senior, I became pregnant with my first daughter, Jesselynne. I was a college-bound student, suddenly feeling that I was derailed from my prospects and my future, but the outreach of the TRIO programs in Marquette University enabled me to get a high-quality education at Marquette University, else I might have slipped through the cracks.

You see me here standing today as a Member of Congress, but even prior to that, I contributed greatly to my community, because of my educational opportunity, as someone who created affordable housing through our State agency, put together a financial institution, a credit union for low-income communities to fill the financial gaps, and contributed in so many other

ways, including paying taxes—and by the way, my daughter is a special education teacher today.

without TRIO But support. wouldn't be here, and there are so many other millions of young people who are talented, but they are just poor and don't have the family background to enable them to get to college. Access to quality and affordable education can change your entire life because a college education is one of the greatest democratizers and greatest equalizers in our democratic society. And that is why it has been the honor of my career to be the cochair of the bipartisan TRIO Caucus here in Congress to pay it forward for the next generation.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to introduce a resolution, along with my cochair, MIKE SIMPSON, in recognizing November 8 as National First-Generation Celebration Day, a day that commemorates the signing of the Higher Education Act of 1965 by President Lyndon Baines Johnson.

I thank the many Members who signed on to our resolution, especially our Senate cosponsors, Senator WARNOCK, a TRIO alum, and Senator MARSHALL, a first-generation college graduate, as well.

Mr. Speaker, I would be remiss if I didn't take this opportunity to highlight how the Build Back Better Act will help to advance the goal of helping more first generation and students of modest means get to college and be able to benefit from the programs like TRIO that can help to ensure that they graduate and gain the skills necessary to participate in our ever, ever complicated economy. And without efforts to make higher education affordable and reducing the debt burden on our students, I am afraid that many students will never have the opportunity to benefit from TRIO, so we need to do more to make sure that cost is not a barrier to quality higher education.

And that is why I think the Build Back Better effort—and I just want to call out Chairman Bobby Scott for all the work he did in increasing the maximum Pell grants to help low-income students get to college. It is clear that Pell grants haven't kept up with the rising costs of college and would provide \$500 million over 7 years for grants to States and institutions of higher education and Tribal communities and universities to improve student outcomes, including enrollment retention, completion, and employment placement.

So I just thought it was important to say that when the Build Back Better bill gets to the floor, we should all support it for the educational initiatives that are in it.

But the story of TRIO is a remarkable one that benefits students of all races, creeds, colors, both genders, veterans. It ought to be celebrated.

Mr. Speaker, I am urging, when it comes to the floor, that you all support the bipartisan resolution to celebrate National First-Generation Day.

RECOGNIZING SHERIFF KELLY ROWE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Arrington) for 5 minutes.

Mr. ARRINGTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize a trusted leader in Lubbock County and a man I am blessed to call a dear friend, Sheriff Kelly Rowe.

Sheriff Rowe was recently elected by his peers to be president of the Sheriff's Association of Texas. I can think of no better Texas lawman to represent the character and noble calling of the law enforcement profession, and the central tenet of a free society, law and order, than Kelly Rowe.

Sheriff Rowe served in the United States Army and the Texas National Guard. He has been part of the Sheriff's Department since 1999, but he has been our sheriff for the last decade.

Mr. Speaker, unfortunately, law enforcement in Texas is under tremendous strain as they work to protect our citizens and secure our southern border, which is in complete chaos as a result of our Federal Government's failure to defend our country and our President's failure to uphold the laws of the land. As unprecedented numbers of crime, drugs, and gangs pour through our open border, our law enforcement officers have never been more important to the safety of our neighborhoods and our families. Sheriff Rowe is a leader among his colleagues and the Lone Star State is safer and stronger as a result of his service.

Mr. Speaker, I also thank his lovely wife, Nola, and their family for sharing Kelly selflessly with our communities. Law enforcement, as you know, is a family commitment. It is a family sacrifice.

So congratulations to Sheriff Rowe on this great honor. We are incredibly grateful for his service. We are extremely proud of his leadership contributions to West Texas and beyond.

God bless the men and women in blue. God bless America. And go West Texas.

CONGRATULATING BRYAN MUDD

Mr. ARRINGTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Bryan Mudd on 20 years of service at KAMC, which is a local television station there in Lubbock. Bryan's dedication to keeping the citizens of Lubbock and the surrounding area informed about what is happening at home and across this country has been invaluable to West Texas.

Bryan and his wife, Sherry, are both servant leaders who go above and beyond their work to give of their time and talents to support many causes and multiple non-profits in our community. And I know their fellow West Texans and I am deeply grateful for their efforts.

I have always appreciated Bryan and his commitment to excellence in journalism and his unwavering dedication to bringing timely, fair, and balanced news to the people of West Texas. Mr. Speaker, I am proud to represent Bryan and his family in our Nation's capital.

God bless Bryan, my dear friend. Congrats, and go West Texas.

BUILD BACK BETTER ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. ESCOBAR) for 5 minutes.

Ms. ESCOBAR. Mr. Speaker, Congressional Democrats have been focused on working with President Biden to deliver long overdue investments for the American people and for our future.

We started earlier this year with the American Jobs Act, which got critical resources, including vaccines, into our communities and put money in people's pockets. We helped struggling businesses and schools, and we did so much more.

Now, we are on the cusp of passing two bills that will enormously improve the lives of all Americans, the Build Back Better Act and the bipartisan Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act. These two bills together will rebuild America's aging and failing infrastructure, create jobs, cut taxes and lower costs for families, protect and recognize the contributions of immigrants, tackle the climate crisis, and so much more.

Mr. Speaker, my district of El Paso, Texas, has long suffered from chronic poverty due to lack of access to many resources and economic opportunities.

On healthcare, my State of Texas has the highest rate of uninsured residents in the Nation. In my community of El Paso, a quarter of my residents have absolutely no health insurance whatsoever.

On climate, El Paso has seen the second highest increase in average temperatures over the past 45 years with the number of 100-degree days predicted to double.

On family care, nearly half of the people, 48 percent of the people, live in a childcare desert with no access to childcare whatsoever.

On education, in my State of Texas your education and the amount of money invested in K-12 kids depends on your ZIP Code and where you live.

The historic investments that we will be making with both of these bills will strengthen healthcare access to Texas families by expanding Medicare coverage for those who have been denied. They will protect our communities from the consequences of the climate crisis by helping us lower emissions, advancing a clean energy economy, and advancing environmental justice.

These bills will support families with the child tax credit, which will benefit 173,000 children in El Paso alone, in addition to the investments in childcare, home healthcare, paid family and medical leave, workforce development, and universal pre-K, which is probably the best predictor for school success and for kids who end up going to college.

My community needs that. My kids in El Paso deserve that.

Americans everywhere need this health and support, and they need it now. These investments are fully paid for. They will not add to the deficit, and because these expenditures represent less than one percent of our GDP over the next decade, and because they are paid for in part by making corporations and the wealthiest Americans pay their fair share, the Build Back Better Act will not increase inflation.

I am so proud to have played a role in crafting these bills. I am so proud to advance them and ensure that they uplift El Paso families, improve our economy, and help save our planet.

RECOGNIZING BILL WOMACK, WORLD WAR II HERO

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in advance of Veterans Day, to take a moment for our country, to take a moment and to thank those who have served. You are going to see some faces on here, and I am just going to highlight five individuals from my district in West Texas, amongst the thousands who have offered to serve. Many of these are part of the Greatest Generation and this is the greatest country in the world, and it is because of their sacrifices.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize a World War II hero, Mr. Bill Womack of Midland, Texas, who celebrated his 100th birthday this year. Mr. Womack joined the National Guard immediately after graduating high school. And after the Pearl Harbor bombing, Mr. Womack became an artilleryman stationed in North Africa and Europe.

Bill is one of the legendary Texas Liberators, a group of 488 Texans who fought against the Nazi regime to liberate Jewish prisoners. He was among the group of heroes who first breached the concentration camp, Dachau, and helped bring World War II prisoners to safety.

Countless lives were saved because of the efforts and the selflessness of Mr. Womack.

□ 1030

RECOGNIZING PHIL GEORGE

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to highlight a hero of mine, Mr. Phil George, of San Angelo, Texas, a distinguished veteran and university basketball coach.

Mr. George is a legend in my hometown of San Angelo. He is a veteran of not only World War II and Korea, but also of Vietnam where he spent years as an incredibly talented fighter pilot.

When our Nation called, he answered, multiple times. I cannot overstate the sacrifices that he made both professionally and also in his community after his service in the military. Not only is he a hero, but he is also a mentor to so many.

He leaves a legacy in San Angelo to this day of the selfless ability to lead others, to motivate others, to a life of service. His stories are incredible. His faith in God is palpable, and his love for his late wife, Toddy, and his entire family, are inspiring.

In addition to his record of service, he has an incredible record as a basketball coach and athletic director at Angelo State University.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Mr. George for his service to this Nation.

RECOGNIZING MAYNARD SCHWERTNER

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize Mr. Maynard Schwertner, a Vietnam veteran who spent his entire life in the service of this country, both in Vietnam and back at home.

As a well driller in Vietnam, Mr. Schwertner spent his time providing clean water for civilians and the military. Back at home, Mr. Schwertner has dedicated his life to serving fellow veterans, and that includes helping establish Vietnam veterans chapters, memorials, and support groups in San Angelo, Texas. He is a distinguished member of the community who lives a life dedicated to supporting our Nation and our Armed Forces.

RECOGNIZING GILBERTO TORRES

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize Mr. Gilberto Torres for his service in World War II. Gilberto was part of the second wave of the D-day invasion of Normandy, the legendary amphibious invasion that turned the tide of the war and led the allies to liberate Europe.

Tragically, when trekking through war-torn Europe, Gilberto was fired upon and struck by enemy machine guns. He survived his injuries and was honorably discharged, but not before earning many medals for his heroism and his bravery, including the Purple Heart and the Bronze Star Medal, and many more. He is in his 90s today and he hopes to visit Normandy. I hope he can do that.

RECOGNIZING J.L. STEVENS

Mr. PFLUGER. Madam Speaker, I rise to recognize Mr. J.L. Stevens, a west Texan, a World War II veteran who also took part in both the Normandy invasion on D-day and the invasion of Okinawa.

His service to this country was inspired at the age of 17 as he enlisted in the Navy with the desire to follow in the footsteps of his brother. Stevens' sacrifice helped create a safer world for his two daughters, his six grand-children, and his 12 great-grand-children.

Mr. Speaker, I think it is important for us to recognize the service of all of these servicemembers as we approach Veterans Day. These are just a few stories, among many, bipartisan in all of our districts. My hope is that this country can look to the service of these, many of whom are part of the greatest generation, and we can realize that this is the greatest country in the world, but it is not without sacrifice.

It is these folks and it is their families' sacrifice who brought us together. Once again, I believe that going forward, veterans just like these will continue to bring us together. It is my challenge to everybody in this body and all across the United States that we recognize our veterans' service and their families' sacrifices as we approach Veterans Day.

BUILD BACK BETTER AGENDA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE) for 5 minutes.

Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, we stand on a precipice in which shortly we are about to deliver truly a once-in-a-generation piece of legislation; action that will lower the everyday costs that burden working families in my district in Pennsylvania and throughout the Nation—from healthcare to childcare and more—and fully paid for by making corporations and the richest 1/10 of 1 percent pay their fair share.

Here is what it does: First, lower healthcare costs: negotiating lower drug costs for seniors; halting Big Pharma's outrageous price hikes well above inflation; and expanding the Affordable Care Act to make coverage more affordable for those who buy

their own insurance.

Second, lower childcare and family care costs: expanding the basic promise of free schooling in America for the first time in a century with universal preschool for all 3- and 4-year-olds. This is so critical. In my State, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, only 16 percent of 3- and 4-year-olds have access to universal pre-K. It also will slash families' childcare costs; extend the landmark Biden Child Tax Credit, which has helped reduce child poverty in this country this year by 50 percent; and will expand access to affordable home care for older adults and those with disabilities.

Third, we are talking about the largest investment to combat the climate crisis in our Nation's history: cutting pollution; reducing energy costs; creating good-paying jobs with a transformational investment to ensure America leads the worldwide clean en-

ergy economy.

Why would we want China to take the lead on that? They are already investing a ton of money in clean energy. It is time for the United States to catch up and take the lead. We are the number one country, but in order to remain the number one country, we have to get with it when it comes to where the jobs will be in this century.

The Build Back Better Act lowers costs and fights inflation because—and I hope everyone hears this—it is fully 100 percent paid for. Not one person who makes under \$400,000 a year will pay one extra dime in taxes, not one. In fact, many, especially those families with children, will see their taxes go

Mr. Speaker, I want to paraphrase—and I hope I have the quote exactly right; I am going on memory. I remember when I was growing up in Pennsylvania some decades ago in the 1980s, our Governor was Bob Casey, Sr., a legendary figure in Pennsylvania politics.

He once said: What did you do when you had the power? That is a question that will be asked of all public servants. What did you do to help people when you had the power? That is what the Build Back Better Act is about, answering that question; delivering in all of these measures that I just cited.

Once this passes the House, passes the Senate, and is signed into law, it will truly be the most important domestic bill in my lifetime. It will help ordinary people, from the Second Congressional District of Pennsylvania, to all 435 congressional districts in this Nation. Working families deserve it.

Look at how hard it is today to achieve the American Dream. We know, based on statistics, that working families and middle class families are struggling out there. Yes, the unemployment rate is coming down. We are in such a better position right now than where we were a year ago. Every single statistic supports that. It is not enough. We need to build back and we need to build back better.

TRILLIONS OF DOLLARS REMAIN UNSPENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. JOYCE) for 5 minutes.

Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, right now, as our country continues to suffer from the negative effects of the Democrats' previous reckless spending spree, it is clear that we do not yet need another reckless spending bill that would further balloon our debt and raise all inflation without actually addressing the issues that we are currently facing.

Congress has already appropriated trillions of dollars that has not yet been spent. Again, trillions of dollars remain unspent. Instead of passing yet another trillion-dollar spending bill, of which only 10 percent would actually go to true infrastructure, we can repurpose those earlier funds to meet the needs of our communities.

I am proud to be joining my colleagues as a cosponsor of legislation that would use the money that Congress has already approved to truly help the communities that we serve; legislation that has already been passed by our colleagues in the Senate.

Now is not the time to waste money on taxpayer-funded kickbacks to green energy companies or spend \$50 million to monitor coastal erosion. We need to fund infrastructure improvements that our communities need. We need to do so without mortgaging our children's future.

We were elected to be responsible stewards of the taxpayers' dollars, and

passing the Green New Deal dressed up as infrastructure is not the way forward.

BUILD BACK BETTER AGENDA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. Ross) for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROSS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss the urgent need to pass the Build Back Better agenda, a transformational package that will help individuals and working families across North Carolina.

This bold legislation will bring down the high costs that have held families back for decades by making childcare, home care, education, healthcare, and housing more affordable. This is a package for the people—all the people—and it spans generations, providing support to infants, students, working adults, and older Americans.

Right now, the average annual cost for a child in North Carolina to attend a childcare center is nearly \$9,000. The average North Carolina family with two young children spends more than 20 percent of their annual income on childcare. That is unacceptable. For kids to thrive and for parents to excel in the workplace, we need quality, affordable childcare.

I have a constituent from Cary, North Carolina, named Katy, she works at a nonprofit and has a 1-year-old child. She told me this:

Becoming a mom has opened my eyes to how broken our Nation's childcare system is.

We felt lucky to find a spot for my child at a high-quality childcare program, but the cost was shocking. We pay more than \$800 a month for my son's care.

At the same time, the director and teachers at my son's program likely don't make a living wage.

They're doing one of the most important jobs in the world, helping raise the next generation. Why aren't they compensated fairly?

Childcare providers shouldn't have to work second jobs on the weekends to feed their families, but many do.

At the same time, parents can't shoulder the burden.

In fact, the extremely high cost of childcare is a major factor for my family as we decide to have a second child.

Katy's story is so common. If we claim to value our children and our families, we need to stop turning a blind eye to the exploding costs of childcare. We can do better.

That is why the Build Back Better Act will provide universal pre-K for all 3- and 4-year-olds and limit childcare costs for working families to no more than 7 percent of their income.

Mr. Speaker, we also need to do more for our seniors and their loved ones. Every American should be able to look forward to a comfortable, secure retirement. Our seniors should not have to worry about financially burdening their children and their grandchildren.

In my family, my father-in-law wanted to stay in the home he loved, and he did until he was 98 years old. We found

it very difficult to find him home care. I continue to hear stories from seniors in my district who have had to give up their homes simply to stay in a nursing home.

Again, we can do better. That is why the Build Back Better Act will provide a historic investment in home care in order to help the more than 800,000 people on State Medicaid waiting lists.

Mr. Speaker, when we pass this bill, more of our people will stop struggling to make ends meet and start experiencing true financial security.

When we pass this bill, more of our children and our seniors will receive the care they deserve. And, most importantly, when we pass this bill we will be one giant step closer to an America where everyone has the chance to pursue the American Dream and the means to support their families.

OPTIONS OVER TERMINATIONS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington (Mr. Newhouse) for 5 minutes.

Mr. NEWHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, there is no doubt about it, we are in a time of crisis largely fueled by the Democratic Party and President Biden's policies. Store shelves are increasingly empty, the cost of basic goods is soaring, supply chains are failing, ports are backlogged, and government restrictions on domestic energy have driven the price of gasoline to 7-year highs. Who is it that foots the bill for these progressive policies? I will tell you, it is hardworking American families.

□ 1045

Rather than address the underlying causes of scarcity by bolstering American production and enhancing our Nation's energy independence, the Biden administration has worsened the situation with their dictatorial policies and mandates, most recently in the form of an executive order requiring all Federal employees and contractors be fully vaccinated against COVID-19 by November 22 and December 8, respectively.

The alternative? Termination.

This mandate goes too far and has become a model for Democratic Governors across the country—including my own State of Washington's Governor Inslee—who are using it to justify their own drastic actions and impose similar State-level mandates.

Now, in addition to the hundreds of State emergency personnel who are already out of work, threatening the safety of our communities, central Washington also has hundreds of Federal workers and contractors who are facing termination.

American businesses have been struggling enough to find workers, fill production shifts, and deliver goods. President Biden's one-size-fits-all vaccine mandate will further hammer our small businesses, driving up prices,

slowing down deliveries, and exacerbating supply chain problems.

First responders and frontline healthcare workers are also being fired for not complying with COVID-19 vaccine mandates. In the State of Washington, we have seen hundreds of our brave law enforcement officers forced to choose between vaccination and doing their jobs. Leaving our communities, which are facing rising crime rates, unprotected is not going to increase anyone's safety.

Hospitals and health clinics are experiencing staffing shortages as well. The remaining employees are then overworked to compensate, leading to burnout and increased staff turnover. Leaving our hospitals understaffed is not going to help our communities overcome this public health crisis.

President Biden's deadline for the vaccine mandate brushes right up against the peak holiday season. Since cargo distribution companies are already battling unprecedented labor shortages, this mandate is likely to wreak havoc on the global supply chain when it is stressed the most, during the holidays. Leaving our tables empty and the space under our Christmas trees bare is not going to improve morale.

But why is President Biden perpetuating a permanent state of emergency? The only answer that comes to mind is that he is more concerned about expanding governmental control than the safety and stability of our workforce or the protection of our individual rights.

Not only does this mandate go against our inalienable rights protected in the Constitution, but it ignores the fact that natural immunity also provides protection against infection from the virus. In fact, other countries have adopted policies upholding this as a valid, science-based exemption from vaccine requirements. The mandate also doesn't allow workers to opt out through frequent COVID testing, as many private businesses have chosen to do.

Federal employees who have opted not to receive the vaccine because they have natural immunity developed after recovering from the virus do not deserve to be fired, especially when those same men and women have worked tirelessly to keep our communities safe and healthy before there was even a vaccine available. These men and women, who have been on the front lines since the beginning of the pandemic and risking their families' health and safety to ensure our Federal and State projects continued and that our communities remained protected, deserve our respect, not our condemna-

But the President has doubled down on his policies, stating that he absolutely thinks police officers and emergency responders should be fired if they do not comply with this mandate.

That is why I introduced the Options Over Terminations Act. This legislation would provide an exemption to the

Federal COVID-19 mandate for any Federal employee or contractor who provides proof of COVID-19 antibodies.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support my legislation and provide our workers with a smart, science-based alternative to President Biden's vaccine mandate.

CLIMATE RESILIENCE IN THE FACE OF DISASTERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. BLUMENAUER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, over this past week, it has been heartening to see the climate pledges and vows coming out of Glasgow. Our success in Glasgow, however, will not come from voluntary pledges and vows. It must include specific, effective steps that can be put in place now to begin making a difference.

I have worked on the climate issue since 1991 when I was a member of the city council that enacted the Nation's first carbon commitments which we have met over those years. But the cascade of recent extraordinary weather events has made it clear—as if we needed further reminders—that we are entering a new era in terms of impact and public awareness of climate disasters.

The Oregon experience has been searing. We had the worst air quality in the world last year due to extreme forest fires. And in my district when we set an all-time heat record of 116 degrees this summer after setting two other previous all-time highs, we recorded temperatures of 180 degrees in the heart of my district. No wonder hundreds of people died.

Working on these issues for years, we have had some successes, but we can no longer afford to be nibbling around the edges. We need bold, transformative action to meet the scale of this problem. We must continue to fight to reduce emissions and improve our resilience by passing the Build Back Better Act and the bipartisan infrastructure bill together.

But as we undertake that enormous effort, we must also undertake the massive issues of community preparedness, resilience, and risk mitigation. We can start with some of the basics: stop allowing new development in risky places like the fire zone, the urban-rural interface, or areas with high flood risk. We must deal with repetitive flood loss in a more thoughtful way, including paying to remove properties and people to ensure that the vulnerable aren't stranded in high-risk areas.

We must enhance the protections of the Stafford Act and help FEMA address the challenges of today's climate. FEMA does not actually have a mandate to deal with the extreme heat like we had in Portland that was killing people. We must empower cities and States to be both proactive and realistic in their approaches to planning, development, and hazard mitigation. We must radically approach our agriculture and deforestation to stop making it worse.

I have introduced legislation that would make it illegal for products that were grown on illegally deforested land—palm oil, soy, and cocoa—from entering the stream of commerce, and having a border adjustment tax will make a big difference to stop people from exporting their carbon pollution.

Above all, we must mitigate climate change with an emphasis on equity, and we should harness the forces of nature to heal the land and reduce carbon. It is more effective, and it is cheaper. Instead of putting off muchneeded policy changes, this will only delay the inevitable and make the adjustments more difficult as we reap the consequences of decades of inaction and denial.

Yes, it is going to take massive investments. But we are already making massive investments. The biggest infrastructure program now, the Federal Government, is paying to clean up after natural disasters. We should take some of that revenue stream and instead invest in mitigation and recovery that will make us stronger going forward

Over the past months, I have worked to try and assemble my thoughts, talking to experts and thinking about what would make a difference. I have a little report I call "From Ruin to Resilience: Protecting Communities and Preventing Disaster." I look forward to discussing this with my colleagues to understand their issues and things that we can do together on a scale that this challenge demands.

Mr. Speaker, I look forward to progress and discussion in Glasgow, but, more importantly, I look forward to progress and action here in Congress and in our communities. Our future and our children's future depend on it.

BIDEN ADMINISTRATION MIGRANT PAYMENT PROPOSAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Indiana (Mrs. WALORSKI) for 5 minutes.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, my fellow Hoosier, I rise today to expose an outrageous scheme by the Biden administration to pay out hundreds of thousands of dollars to migrants who have violated our laws by illegally crossing our southern border.

Right now, there is already a national security, humanitarian, and public health crisis on the southern border. Every neighborhood in America, including mine in Indiana, is facing the devastating consequences of this crisis as illicit drugs come across the porous border and wreak havoc in our communities through more violence and drug overdoses.

Instead of protecting our country by securing the border, President Biden wants law-abiding American taxpayers to pay illegal migrants, whom people know and we know broke the laws, a ridiculous sum of money. This decision will do nothing more than encourage human trafficking and drug smuggling.

The administration's border policies are downright inhumane and will continue to incentivize migrants to make the dangerous journey to reach our border.

This radical proposal should be abandoned immediately. It will not only exacerbate this crisis but it will also be put on the taxpayers' dime.

As inflation skyrockets under the Biden administration's Big Government giveaways, working families are struggling right now to pay for everyday necessities. Small businesses are struggling with supply chain and workforce shortages.

While Americans face these obstacles, President Biden has decided that rewarding people who break our laws is more important than fighting inflation, securing our border, or ensuring that we have the necessary energy to heat our homes this winter.

This is Big Government insanity at its worst, and I wholeheartedly reject it.

HOUSING IS A BASIC RIGHT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. ESPAILLAT) for 5 minutes.

Mr. ESPAILLAT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of millions of individuals across our country who rely on public housing to keep a roof over their heads and for millions who need access to safe, stable, and affordable housing across our country.

Housing is a basic right and the foundation on which we build our lives and our families, and though it is clear that this is essential, far too many Americans struggle to keep a safe roof over their heads. In fact, homelessness is now at epidemic levels across our country. Particularly in our urban cities, families are homeless. Children, women, seniors, and veterans are homeless.

When we speak of the Build Back Better program and our agenda, we speak of introducing the importance of prioritizing the most at-risk communities. This is whom we are focusing on in the Build Back Better agenda, the most at-risk communities in our country. We speak of equitable access to the basic needs of the American people. That is what we speak about when we speak about Build Back Better.

We have included provisions that ensure children in need have access to free school lunches. We have worked to expand Medicare benefits for seniors. We have fought to include and boost the child tax credit, which will provide families with much-needed financial health, lifting children, Mr. Speaker, out of poverty. We have included historic provisions that will be better for our Nation for years to come.

But today, Mr. Speaker, I want to focus on the significant investments

the Build Back Better Act secures for public and affordable housing needs.

□ 1100

The Build Back Better Act will make the single largest, most comprehensive investment in affordable housing in our entire history. Over \$150 billion for housing is an enormous investment toward solving our pressing housing challenges and needs across the country.

Importantly, this bill includes billions to expand rental assistance, \$24 billion for new housing vouchers, and as we know, Mr. Speaker, many people are backed up on their rent. But in addition to that, Mr. Speaker, \$65 billion to address public housing repair backlog for 2.5 million residents, a significant resource for the National Housing Trust Fund to build and preserve thousands of homes for low-income families who are disproportionately people of color.

This is a major investment, an unprecedented investment in housing in my district, which has the largest stock in the New York City Housing Authority of public housing, and it has the highest number of rent-stabilized apartments, and the city of New York will benefit greatly.

Due to the COVID-19 global crisis, we are on the brink of a housing crisis, Mr. Speaker, an eviction tsunami, and up to 40 million people in America are at risk of being displaced. This crisis is here, and we want to act on it right now. It will take generations for our Nation to recover.

Plus, we are now experiencing a shortage of 7 million affordable homes for working-class and low-income families nationwide. For every 10 households in need, Mr. Speaker, there are fewer than four affordable, available homes. Not a single city, State, or district, has enough housing to meet these dire demands. And even when housing is available, it may not necessarily mean that housing is safe.

My district has the largest concentration of public housing and it has, as I said earlier, the highest number of rent-stabilized apartments in New York City. Yet, they lack the critical resources needed to create habitable living. This is a great investment, Mr. Speaker. The Build Back Better program is an immense investment in housing.

HONORING JOHN ONDRASIK OF FIVE FOR FIGHTING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. FITZPATRICK) for 5 minutes.

Mr. FITZPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize an individual I recently had the pleasure of having a conversation with, a singer-songwriter who, more importantly, is a tremendous supporter of our troops, John Ondrasik of Five for Fighting.

John started Five for Fighting in 1995, and shortly thereafter rose to fame after releasing the Grammy-nominated ballad "Superman". While written and released well before 9/11, "Superman" became something of an anthem during the tough days following 9/11

As our Nation came together as one, "Superman" struck a chord with the survivors and families of those we lost on that terrible day, as well as our troops serving around the world. And its lyrics resonated with people and comforted those who needed it the most.

Mr. Speaker, since then, John has been deeply involved with our troops. He has performed at dozens of USO shows for our servicemembers overseas and also works with several veteranoriented charities. John has spent the past two decades writing deeply personal songs that include social messages that make an emotional connection and invoke the human spirit.

Some of these songs are included on the "CD for the Troops" project which is a collection of 13 songs from top artists, including John's, that was compiled specially for U.S. military members.

Since 2007, John has distributed over 1 million copies of "CD for the Troops" to servicemembers and their families around the world as a way of thanking them for the sacrifices that they have made and continue to make.

John's support of the U.S. Armed Forces is unwavering and, like many of us, when he saw the devastating images coming out of Afghanistan during the onset of the U.S. withdrawal in August, he was horrified. Terrified mothers were throwing their babies over barbed wire fences and men were clinging on to military aircraft as they lifted off, all in an attempt to flee the Taliban. How could this be happening?

John then did what many musicians in pain do. He sat at his piano and he wrote a song. He penned "Blood on My Hands" which is a song that mourns the Americans who died and the ones who were left behind in Afghanistan due to the failures of the administration. "Blood on My Hands" encapsulates the emotions that I and many Americans felt following the terrorist attacks in Kabul that killed 13 U.S. servicemembers and dozens of Afghani allies. Similar to "Superman's" effect on people post-9/11, "Blood on My Hands" went viral and quickly became an anthem for veterans and servicemembers in the wake of the deadly attacks in Kabul.

Mr. Speaker, many people cautioned John not to release the song. Still, he kept coming back to the idea that this song sent an important moral message about the disastrous withdrawal from Afghanistan. John says of "Blood on My Hands": "It's not a political song. It is a moral message about promises that we made to people there, that we promised to protect, that we left there. We broke our promise. It's about accountability and admitting when you make mistakes because that's how you

can rectify them and learn not to do them again."

Mr. Speaker, I could not agree more with this sentiment. What happened to no person left behind? We put American citizens, SIV holders, and Afghan allies' lives at risk. The United States of America and this administration broke that promise to these people. The administration's decisions surrounding the withdrawal will go down, I believe, as one of the worst foreign policy decisions in American history. As a result, American lives were needlessly lost.

It is time our leaders reflect on the mistakes that were made and take accountability for failures so that we can do better for the American people and our allies in the future.

Mr. Speaker, John's work is evidence of the power that music holds. It brings people from different corners of the world together. It transcends time, and I am confident that John's song, "Blood on My Hands", will do just that.

We will never forget 9/11 and, in the same vein, we can never forget the heroes who fought in the subsequent 20-year war in Afghanistan. Thanks to brave storytellers like John Ondrasik, we won't forget these heroes.

Mr. Speaker, John is a true patriot, and I applaud and admire his courage to stand up for what he believes in, and even more so, demand accountability from our Nation's leaders.

LINCOLN BEACH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. CARTER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. CARTER of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, let me paint a picture. It is the east side of New Orleans in 1959. A Black man at a swimming pool jumps off the high dive, arched in the sky. Fellow swimmers and passersby watch him from the shade of a palm tree. A Ferris wheel turns at the amusement park, and families picnic on the sandy shore of Lake Pontchartrain.

That is what Lincoln Beach was like in its heyday: a beach, amusement park, performance area, and pool for the Black community of New Orleans who were not allowed at the all-White swimming pools in the area.

Growing up, my community had fond memories of Lincoln Beach, as it was in the process of shutting down after courts decreed a racial nondiscrimination policy for private facilities on public lands, desegregating the all-White pools.

Since its closure in the sixties, Lincoln Beach has fallen into decline. It was a site for picnics and outings. Without any maintenance, and over the decades, mountains of debris have piled up. This historic site, where so many Black kids and families built communities in New Orleans East, was fenced off and forgotten to many, but not to everyone.

During COVID-19, some inspiring local activists and community mem-

bers including Sage, Reggie, and Bliss, took it upon themselves to take the first steps toward reopening historic Lincoln Beach. They got into some good trouble and cleaned up the beach all by themselves, spending their own resources, time, energy, and money.

All on their own time, their own dime, they removed hundreds of bags of garbage and debris. About 3 tons of refuse was removed by these good-doing volunteers. After Hurricane Ida, they are facing some setbacks once again with flooding that floated the more than a year's worth of trash collection away. However, these committed activists are already back to work, cleaning up the beach and trying to remove obstacles to the future of what can be a revitalized, renewed Lincoln Beach.

After Hurricane Katrina, the primarily Black community of New Orleans East repopulated essentially at the same rate as the city of New Orleans, but businesses did not come back at the same strength. Many of the major commercial areas are full of vacant businesses in this thriving, rich, strong community of New Orleans East. The once-popular mall was razed instead of being rebuilt.

In 2019, a report said that 19 percent of the homes are vacant. Reopening a beautiful beach on the shores of Lake Pontchartrain could be a catalyst that will attract a renaissance of economic development in a community that has historically been underserved and should have equitable investments.

One of the most important things a Member of Congress can do is to fight for allocations to fund projects for development to improve the lives of the constituents in a particular area, like New Orleans East. This is an equity issue. This is a racial issue. This is an issue of economic development. This is an environmental issue and a recreation issue.

Lincoln Beach has a rich history, important cultural significance, and a huge potential for the future of this great community. I support the efforts of the city of New Orleans to direct RESTORE Act funds toward the project and today, I reaffirm my commitment to support the renewal of Lincoln Beach in any way possible from Congress, State, and local resources.

I came to Congress to fight for the people of the Second Congressional District, to fight for good jobs, healthy communities, equity and opportunities. One way to achieve this fight is for us to revitalize New Orleans East and to bring Lincoln Beach back to its full luster and beauty for the community to enjoy, to use as a catalyst for further economic development, to show what revitalization and community efforts, joining with Federal, local, and State resources, can do.

We can and we will do better. The people of New Orleans, the people of Louisiana certainly deserve it, and we will fight to continue to bring those resources to bear.

BORDER CRISIS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. GUEST) for 5 minutes.

Mr. GUEST. Mr. Speaker, West Virginia, Hawaii, New Hampshire, Maine, Montana, Rhode Island, Delaware, North Dakota, South Dakota, Alaska, Vermont, and Wyoming. During President Biden's first year in office, the number of illegal immigrants that the Border Patrol has encountered on our southern border has surpassed the population of these 12 States and the end is nowhere in sight.

I am not sure if the Biden administration knew that their policies would lead to the number of illegal immigrants surpassing the population of over 20 percent of U.S. States, but by reversing the successful policies of the previous administration, they have created this crisis.

This administration has listened to special interest groups over the will of the American people. This administration has implemented catch-and-release policies. This administration has canceled the remain in Mexico policy, and on his very first day in office, President Biden issued an executive order ending border wall funding.

This administration has turned their back on every State of the Union to pursue a far-left agenda. This administration has created a new State of chaos in our Nation with their failed policies. It is time for us to reverse course and to return to commonsense policies that work and that protect our Nation's borders.

□ 1115

REMEMBERING OUR VETERANS

Mr. GUEST. Former President Ronald Reagan once said: "Veterans know better than anyone else the price of freedom, for they've suffered the scars of war. We can offer them no better tribute than to protect what they have won for us."

Today, we remember the service of our veterans, the price they have paid and the Nation that they helped build and fought to protect.

We know that America's veterans risked their lives on the field of battle to preserve this Nation and the ideals of democracy, liberty, and freedom.

But we must not forget that they not only fought to protect the rights that were established by our Founding Fathers, but they also returned home to set an example of enduring patriotism and leadership in our communities, our States, and our Nation.

When their service ended, our veterans helped advance our country by embodying the American spirit of hard work and perseverance.

Today, we thank them for the example they set.

This day, more than any other, let every American reach out to a veteran and say: Thank you for your service; we are grateful for your many sacrifices that you have made on behalf of our Nation. As we stand in this great institution of democracy that our veterans helped build and then fought to preserve, let our Nation remember the hundreds of thousands of men and women who fought for our freedoms, and let us always remember that our Nation would have been forgotten to history long ago if not for those men and women brave enough to protect it.

May God bless our country, and may God bless our veterans.

HONORING LES HOUCK

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. SMUCKER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a truly dedicated township official from Pennsylvania's 11th Congressional District, which I am honored to represent.

Mr. Les Houck, of Salisbury Township, in eastern Lancaster County, is retiring as a member of the Salisbury Township Board of Supervisors after 48 years of dedicated service in that body; almost a half a century.

In fact, his service to the township began 2 years prior to his 48 years as a supervisor, in 1972, when he was appointed to the township's planning commission.

Les is a wonderful husband and father as well, but as I said, he has dedicated half a century working to improve his community. Over the years, Les has become a trusted voice who is sought out for counsel in Lancaster County and across the Commonwealth as well.

Beyond his service to the residents of Salisbury Township, Les served on several boards for Lancaster County, on advisory committees to the Governor and other State departments, and in leadership roles with both the county and State associations of township supervisors

Mr. Speaker, I would like to extend my sincere thanks to Les Houck for 50 years of service to the residents of Salisbury Township and for being an outstanding and true example of servant leadership.

CONGRATULATING EHD OF LANCASTER

Mr. SMUCKER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate EHD of Lancaster as they celebrate their business' 125th anniversary; truly an impressive milestone.

The business, Engle-Hambright & Davies, now known as EHD, dates back to 1896 and has grown over the years, from previously working in real estate to now being a respected full-service insurance agency which employs 120 individuals with offices in Lancaster, Reading, Exton, and Pittsburgh.

They are one of only a few independent insurance agencies who achieved the Best Practices distinction for 6 consecutive years from the Independent Insurance Agents & Brokers of America

They continue to work to give back to the community they have called home for over a century, supporting a number of local nonprofit organizations through their many charitable efforts

Mr. Speaker, the American entrepreneurial spirit has led to the founding of many businesses. Some do well, some fail, but not many have lasted for 125 years. That is rare.

Today, I want to mention EHD. We celebrate with them. We congratulate them on achieving this milestone, and we wish them continued success.

SUPPORTING THE SECOND AMENDMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Illinois (Mrs. MILLER) for 5 minutes.

Mrs. MILLER of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, President Biden and the Democrats want to defund the police, take away your Second Amendment right to self-defense, and then stand by and watch crime skyrocket in cities like Chicago.

The new push by the left, intended to diminish your Second Amendment rights, is to pass so-called red-flag gun confiscation laws.

This is a disguised attempt by Congressional Democrats and some Republicans to seize lawfully owned firearms and violate the Second Amendment rights of American citizens.

Congressional Democrats and some Republicans voted to pass the National Defense Authorization Act, which includes red-flag gun confiscation provisions.

I urge the Senate to reject red-flag gun confiscation provisions in the NDAA

I will always stand up for the Second Amendment rights of my constituents.

Shootings in Chicago are up 220 percent due to the pro-crime policies of the left. Businesses and citizens are leaving Illinois at a record number. Officers are retiring from the Chicago police force at a record pace.

Our Second Amendment right to defend our home and family has never been more important. I will always stand up for the Constitution and for the safety of the people in Illinois.

DIVISIVE MERGER AT JOHNSON & JOHNSON

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PORTER) for 5 minutes.

Ms. PORTER. Mr. Speaker, a jury instructed Johnson & Johnson to pay \$5 million in damages to Patricia, a retired teacher with two children and four grandchildren. One month later, she died, at age 61, of mesothelioma, an aggressive form of cancer caused by asbestos exposure.

Thirty-five-year-old Christina was a preschool teacher studying for her master's degree when she was diagnosed with mesothelioma. In 2019, a jury awarded her \$26 million in her case against Johnson & Johnson.

Gail was 36 years old when she collapsed on her kitchen floor. She was diagnosed with mesothelioma and has

undergone six rounds of chemotherapy, radiation, and major surgeries. Two days into her 2019 trial, Johnson & Johnson struck a deal to pay her damages.

These women, all Californians, are just a few of the now over 40,000 women who want Johnson & Johnson to help cover the millions of dollars in medical expenses they have racked up in their fight against cancer caused by asbestos exposure.

Before we knew asbestos caused cancer, men who inhaled asbestos dust in mines and in industries like shipbuilding got mesothelioma cancer. For decades, women who didn't work in those jobs, but were diagnosed with mesothelioma, wondered how they could have been exposed.

Like asbestos, talc is a naturally occurring mineral that must be mined. During that process, talc can be contaminated by asbestos.

The 40,000 women all diagnosed with asbestos-related cancers all used Johnson & Johnson baby powder for decades on their children and on themselves. The main ingredient? Talc.

Johnson & Johnson sold its iconic baby powder for 60 years, despite their own internal documents showing that their executives, scientists, doctors, and lawyers all knew that some bottles were laced with asbestos.

In 1976, Johnson & Johnson assured the FDA that no asbestos was "detected in any sample" of talc produced between December 1972 and October 1973. What it didn't say, what it didn't tell the regulator, was that at least three tests by three different labs found asbestos in the powder, in one case at levels reported as "rather high."

Internal documents confirm that Johnson & Johnson willfully misled consumers about the safety of its baby powder.

In a memo to managers, a Johnson & Johnson executive explained that the company's policy of countering negative research about the dangers of talc. "Our current posture with respect to sponsorship of talc safety studies has been to initiate studies only as dictated by confrontation." "The principal advantage for this operating philosophy lies in the fact that we minimize the risk of possible self-generation of scientific data which may be politically or scientifically embarrassing."

In this 2013 markup of a statement for Johnson & Johnson's website, you can see that Johnson & Johnson's legal team advised the company against claiming that: "Our talc-based consumer products have always been asbestos free," with the comment: "We cannot say 'always."" They recognized that the company's talc could have been contaminated in earlier times.

Johnson & Johnson built its fortune on its baby powder. The company's net worth is \$440 billion, plenty of assets to help the women poisoned by their prodnets Three weeks ago, Johnson & Johnson formed a subsidiary called LTL Management. They then dumped all of their asbestos-related liabilities, including those nearly 40,000 lawsuits, into that shell company. Two days later, LTL Management filed for bankruptcy.

This is corporate chicanery, corporate abuse, because Johnson & Johnson only provided that shell company with \$2 billion to cover tens of thousands of asbestos-related lawsuits. Two billion dollars is a big number, but Johnson & Johnson knows the real damages they caused. In 2018, the company was ordered to pay \$4.69 billion to 22 women and their families who used baby powder. They know they did not put enough money into that entity, and they specifically created it to avoid liability.

Corporations abusing our bankruptcy system is not new. Before I came to Congress, I did extensive research on these kinds of predatory, anti-consumer tactics.

Johnson & Johnson is abusing our legal system to shield its assets. This is an injustice and Congress must act.

NLRB CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Ms. Foxx) for 5 minutes

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, what is happening at the National Labor Relations Board, NLRB, is so rotten it stinks.

Under Democrat leadership, the NLRB has a history of bias and over-reach. President Biden fired the Senate-confirmed general counsel on his first day in office, and now the Biden board is dodging ethics rules.

NLRB Democrats are refusing to follow conflict of interest standards that were weaponized by Democrats during the Trump administration. This is blatant hypocrisy and threatens the integrity of the board.

How can NLRB members Gwynne Wilcox and David Prouty be conscientious arbiters on the very policies they fought against as union employees? And how can we expect board members with close ties to union activists to be unbiased when it comes to big labor cases?

Is there anything NLRB Democrats won't do to advance the interests of big labor at the expense of American workers? It is a shame what it is doing.

□ 1130

MERITS OF TEXAS' HEARTBEAT BILL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. MOONEY) for 5 minutes

Mr. MOONEY. Mr. Speaker, soon the Supreme Court will rule on the challenge to the Texas abortion law case. The law implements the Nation's toughest restrictions on abortions.

Signed into law by Governor Greg Abbott in May, it prohibits abortion after a heartbeat is detected in the unborn child. This usually occurs around 6 weeks. The law makes exceptions for medical emergencies.

The U.S. Supreme Court is hearing challenges to this bill by pro-abortion groups that want the law overturned. The upcoming ruling will be closely watched as an indicator as to whether the Federal courts will uphold future States' rights to implement pro-life legislation rather than continuing to overreach their Federal court authority.

Unborn babies are human lives. All too often, abortion is referred to as simply a medical procedure, and the sanctity of life is devalued.

At 6 weeks, an unborn child has a heartbeat of approximately 98 beats per minute. Blood vessels begin to form in the circulatory system, and the brain is rapidly developing. This is a human life

By 10 weeks, an unborn baby has arms and legs, fingers and toes. The baby's pain receptors have been developing for weeks. This is a human life.

By 15 weeks, all the unborn baby's major organs have formed, and the baby has a fully developed heart that pumps 26 quarts of blood per day. The baby can feel pain.

All too often, these facts are overlooked and sidelined and not even addressed in the issue of abortion.

It is my hope that the U.S. Supreme Court will see the merits as to why the State of Texas heartbeat bill was implemented. According to CDC statistics, 619,591 babies were aborted in the United States in 2018. That is 619,591 lives that could have been the next teacher, firefighter, parent, or President of the United States. Upholding the heartbeat bill would save the lives of countless unborn babies, both male and female.

Here in Congress, I continue to be the protector of life and champion for the Hyde amendment in Federal legislation. Taxpayer money should not be used to end the lives of innocent, defenseless babies with beating hearts.

The right to life is our most fundamental, natural, and God-given right. I will continue to fight to oppose proabortion plans to force taxpayer funding for abortion. Your taxpayer dollars should never be used to be funding abortion on demand.

Mr. Speaker, I believe in the sanctity of life, and I will continue to fight for the rights of preborn babies.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until noon today.

Accordingly (at 11 o'clock and 32 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess

 \sqcap 1200

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Ms. DEGETTE) at noon.

PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Margaret Grun Kibben, offered the following prayer:

Lord Almighty, instruct us and teach us in the right way. You, whose plan is wonderful, whose wisdom is magnificent, grant us the knowledge we need to accomplish Your will this day.

As high as the heavens are above the Earth, so are Your ways higher than our ways, Your thoughts higher than our own.

Reach down and bestow on us the gift of Your wisdom. Draw near to us that we may know Your clarity in the things that confound us.

Speak to us above all other voices, that we would hear Your counsel. Let us not boast of our own insight, nor of our strength or riches, but let us boast that we have the freedom to know You. Let us not serve the temptation to hurt, judge, or behave rudely, but let us serve You, the Lord, who exercises kindness, justice, and righteousness on the Earth.

Then may You delight in our efforts to reveal that kindness, to exercise Your justice, and to demonstrate Your righteousness here in this place and in the living of our days.

Your word will not return empty, but will accomplish what You desire and achieve the purpose for which You sent it. So send us forth this day to live into that word.

In Your sovereign name we pray.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 11(a) of House Resolution 188, the Journal of the last day's proceedings is approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Florida (Mr. RUTHERFORD) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. RUTHERFORD led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will entertain up to 15 requests for 1-minute speeches on each side of the aisle.

REPLENISH THE RESTAURANT REVITALIZATION FUND

(Mr. HIGGINS of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HIGGINS of New York. Madam Speaker, I rise to add my voice and support to restaurant owners in Buffalo and Western New York standing up today to call on Congress to approve additional restaurant relief.

Congress authorized, through the American Rescue Plan, the Restaurant Revitalization Fund, providing \$28.6 billion to help restaurants hit hard by the pandemic. While the program was able to help over 101,000 small business owners, over 63 percent of eligible applicants, more than 177,000 restaurants the Small Business Administration deemed qualified for funding received nothing.

According to the National Restaurant Association, the restaurant industry sales in 2020 were down by \$240 billion, and restaurant employment dropped 3 million below expected levels. Restaurants support jobs, fuel our local economies, and as gathering places for families and friends, help to build stronger communities.

Madam Speaker, I stand in strong support of swift replenishment of the Restaurant Revitalization Fund, and I urge my colleagues to do the same.

CONGRATULATING NASHUA-PLAIN-FIELD STUDENT CALEB SINNWELL

(Mr. FEENSTRA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. FEENSTRA. Madam Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Iowa's Nashua-Plainfield student Caleb Sinnwell.

Caleb won first place in this year's National History Day competition for his project on the Ghost Army, a World War II unit of 1,100 men tasked with deceiving German intelligence.

To recognize his outstanding work, Caleb is being awarded the Certificate of Achievement by the U.S. Special Forces Army Unit.

Caleb's thesis states in part:
"Through masterful
miscommunication, the Ghost Army
successfully deceived German troops,
which aided Allied advancement to victory in World War II."

He is now asking Congress to pass the Ghost Army Congressional Gold Medal Act, a bill to recognize the critically important work of the Ghost Army during World War II.

Madam Speaker, I am honored to support this effort, and I am hoping my colleagues in the Senate will take up this measure very soon.

Keep up the great work, Caleb.

LIBERTY BAPTIST CHURCH CELEBRATES 150TH ANNIVERSARY

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to ad-

dress the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize Liberty Baptist Church located in Blanchard, Pennsylvania. This weekend, Liberty Baptist Church is celebrating a major milestone, their 150th anniversary.

What started with very humble beginnings at an abandoned German reform church in 1871, what started there has now blossomed into a vibrant congregation and community staple.

In 1872, Brother Runyon, the pastor at the time, described the congregation in a simple sentence: "Wealth we have not, but warm hearts and willing hands we have."

Those words ring true today. With warm hearts and willing hands, Liberty Baptist Church continues to give back to the community, whether it is a bake sale or potlucks to backpack ministries, Christmas caroling, and youth sports, the congregation at Liberty Baptist Church is happy to lend a helping hand.

Over the past 150 years, there were challenging times as well as times of great joy. It is clear, God shines on your members, your church leadership, and your pastors.

Congratulations on this monumental anniversary. May God continue to bless you all for the next 150 years.

RECOGNIZING ANTHE NIJZIEL

(Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize a young woman from my district for making University of Iowa and Big Ten sports history.

Recently, University of Iowa field hockey star Anthe Nijziel was awarded both Big Ten Co-Player of the Year and Defensive Player of the Year honors after leading the Hawkeyes to an impressive 16–1 regular season.

Though each of these honors are an impressive feat on their own, Anthe has raised the bar, becoming the first Iowa student athlete to win both awards in the same season and the third person in Big Ten history to win the Player of the Year title in more than one season.

I congratulate the entire Iowa field hockey team for a great season, and Head Coach Lisa Cellucci, who was unanimously named Big Ten Coach of the Year after being awarded Co-Coach of the Year last season.

Congratulations to Anthe, Coach Cellucci, and the rest of the Iowa field hockey team, and good luck as you head into the Big Ten tournament.

DEM TAX-AND-SPEND BILL

(Mrs. STEEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mrs. STEEL. Madam Speaker, I rise today to raise alarm on the tax-and-spending spree Democrats are trying to rush through Congress.

The bill is over 1,500 pages and has not even received a score from the non-partisan Congressional Budget Office. They want to vote on this bill without knowing how much it will cost tax-payers. What kind of policies are House Democrats trying to hide from the American people?

Union handouts, billions of dollars to grant amnesty to illegal immigrants, and over \$400 billion in small business tax hikes; these are just a few of the bad policies tucked away in this bill. This is not what the American people want.

House Democrats should read their own bill and explain to the American people exactly how they are spending their tax dollars.

UNIVERSAL PRE-K

(Mr. GROTHMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GROTHMAN. Madam Speaker, this could be a very black week for America in that there are rumors that the reconciliation bill will pass. A lot of bad provisions are in there that are bad for the economy, bad for the dollar. But I think the one that is going to have the longest impact is the universal three- and four-year-old pre-K expenditure.

In America, traditionally, the family has been in charge of raising the children, but as is obvious from groups that helped the Democrats retain the majority last time, there are people who don't like the nuclear family and would rather have the government raise their children. To have the government involved in universal pre-K will permanently reduce the impact that American families have on their children and permanently increase the ability of the government to instill all of their frequently anti-Christian values on the various young children.

I think in the long run, when we look back on this week and the damage that it has done to America, we will look at the universal three- and four-year-old pre-K provision as something that did more to drag down America than anything else.

$\begin{array}{c} \text{MORE GOVERNMENT, LESS} \\ \text{FREEDOM} \end{array}$

(Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio. Madam Speaker, there is a major disconnect between political elites here within the Washington beltway and the hardworking Americans that live beyond it.

The American people in Virginia spoke loud and clear Tuesday. Those serving in this building and at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue would be wise to listen

Americans want less government in their lives, not more. They are sick of mandates. They are tired of being called racist. They are worried about the increasing lawlessness in our cities.

They are angry their fellow Americans were left behind in Afghanistan. They are frustrated that more of their paychecks are being taken from them at the gas pump and the grocery store. And they distrust a media that arrogantly dismisses their concern.

They are facing a bleak holiday, a cold, expensive winter, and a down-sized American Dream. And they know full well the bigger Washington gets and the more it spends, the less freedom they have.

The President's agenda isn't about protecting the climate, providing vaccines, healthcare, or education funding. It is about control. And the American people are seeing through it.

BUILD BACK BETTER—AN AMERICAN PLAN

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. COHEN. The President is trying to help America, help the middle class, help the forgotten.

The Build Back Better bill will give people childcare that they need and women to go to work. It will give a child tax credit and make it permanent, lifting half the children in this country out of poverty. It will give elderly people who are infirm and need to be at home elderly in-home care so they can stay in their homes. That is wonderful for those people, something they need.

It will provide for family and medical leave, something every other industrial country in the world has. It will put \$500 billion in unbelievable investment in the future of our planet, on climate controls, and credits for folks to go into renewables and solar and heat, wind-powered energy, and improving the electrical grid.

It will do many wonderful things, and it is all paid for. And the only Americans paying more in taxes are those making \$10 million and above, they will pay a surtax.

Madam Speaker, it is a great plan. It is an American plan. It should be a bipartisan plan. And I am for it. Thank you, President Biden.

BUILD BACK BROKE PLAN

(Mrs. BICE of Oklahoma asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BICE of Oklahoma. Madam Speaker, today, there is a discussion going on as to whether or not we should be voting on the build back broke plan that is being proposed by the Democrats.

I have asked for a score from the Congressional Budget Office to find out what is actually in this bill and what it is going to cost American taxpayers. We have heard the phrase before, "we will vote on it and then you can find out what is in it." But the reality is that Members of Congress don't even know what is in this reconciliation package that is being presented.

How in good conscience could we actually pass something that is going to be fiscally damaging to the country and putting the cost of it on the backs of hardworking taxpayers across this country? We need to know what is in this reconciliation package that is being proposed.

I ask for Speaker Pelosi to request a CBO score, and that this bill be voted on after that is presented to the Members of Congress.

□ 1215

TERRORIST WAR CONTINUES

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Madam Speaker, with the Biden surrender to terrorists in Afghanistan claiming the war is over, events sadly reveal this is not true.

As Biden disgracefully left Americans behind in Afghanistan while 13 Marines were murdered, there have been further attacks. In New Zealand, a jihadist stabbed six shoppers. In Norway, with bow and arrow, a terrorist killed five people and injured three. In the U.K., Parliamentarian David Amess was assassinated. Across Afghanistan, mosques were bombed, killing and wounding hundreds as the terrorists practice to bomb houses of worship in America.

Sadly, the biased establishment media covered for Biden and concealed the ISIS bomb attack in Uganda on October 24, killing a waitress in Kampala. Shamefully, the media intentionally ignore the atrocities across Afghanistan and fail to report terrorist attacks worldwide as American families are at risk of suicide bombers.

In conclusion, God bless our troops, who successfully protected America for 20 years as the global war on terrorism continues moving from Afghanistan to America.

PAYMENT OF \$450,000 TO ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS

(Mr. RUTHERFORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RUTHERFORD. Madam Speaker, I rise today to talk about the Biden border crisis, which continues to rage every single day. For months, the Biden administration has had no answer for the hundreds of thousands of illegal immigrants who have streamed across our southern border.

Now we have learned that the President is actually considering a payment

of \$450,000 to illegal immigrants who were arrested during the previous administration.

How on Earth is this acceptable in the United States of America? What has happened to our basic understanding of the rule of law? I refuse to allow a half-million-dollar handout of hardworking taxpayers' money to those who came here illegally.

That is why I am proud to support the Illegal Immigrant Payoff Prohibition Act, introduced by Congressman McCLINTOCK, which would prevent the attorney general from making these payments.

It is very simple: illegal immigrants should not be rewarded for breaking the law.

MADE IN AMERICA TAX

(Mr. MOORE of Alabama asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MOORE of Alabama. Madam Speaker, President Reagan said it: The government's idea on the economy is when it is moving, you tax it; if it keeps moving, you regulate it; when it fails, you subsidize it.

If the government would stop taxing and regulating, we wouldn't need the subsidizing. The Democrats are the champions of Big Government because they would rather gain power through taxes and regulations than see our economy actually grow. That is what their tax-and-spend agenda is all about, it is power.

Today, the Biden economic crisis is raging, yet President Biden and Speaker Pelosi are pushing the made in America tax that will only aggravate the crisis facing all of America. The made in America tax policy will drive up taxes on U.S. firms and workers both at home and in every country they do business in around the world.

This bill would also create a complex, parallel tax system that punishes investment in American production, permanently stop key domestic mineral development, and allow China to continue to have a monopoly on critical mineral markets.

The Democrats' made-in-America tax would give more power to Washington, but make it better for a foreign company or a foreign worker than for an American worker.

We need leaders in Washington who will put Americans first.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

> Office of the Clerk, House of Representatives, Washington, DC, November 4, 2021.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI, Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II

of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on November 4, 2021, at 9:51 a.m.:

That the Senate agreed to S. Con. Res. 19. With best wishes, I am, $\,$

Sincerely,

CHERYL Y. JOHNSON,

Clerk.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 19 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1330

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. NEWMAN) at 1 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

PROTECT OLDER JOB APPLICANTS ACT OF 2021

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3992), to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 to prohibit employers from limiting, segregating, or classifying applicants for employment, will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 OFFERED BY MR. PAPPAS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on amendment No. 1, printed in part E of House Report 117–137, on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. PAPPAS).

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 225, nays 201, not voting 5, as follows:

[Roll No. 356]

YEAS-225

Adams Bush Cooper Aguilar Bustos Correa. Butterfield Allred Costa Auchincloss Carbajal Courtney Axne Cárdenas Craig Barragán Carson Crist Bass Carter (LA) Crow Beatty Cartwright Cuellar Bera Davids (KS) Case Beyer Casten Davis, Danny K. Castor (FL) Bishop (GA) Dean DeFazio Blumenauer Castro (TX) Blunt Rochester Chu Cicilline DeGette Bonamici DeLauro Bourdeaux Clark (MA) DelBene Bowman Clarke (NY) Delgado Boyle, Brendan Cleaver Demings Clyburn DeSaulnier Brown (MD) Cohen Deutch Connolly Dingell Brownley

Doggett Doyle, Michael F Escobar Eshoo Espaillat Evans Fitzpatrick Fletcher Foster Frankel, Lois Gallego Garamendi García (IL) Garcia (TX) Golden Gomez Gonzalez Vicente Gottheimer Green, Al (TX) Grijalva Harder (CA) Haves Higgins (NY) Hollingsworth Horsford Houlahan Hover Huffman Jackson Lee Jacobs (CA) Jacobs (NY) Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Johnson (TX) Jones Kahele Katko Keating Kelly (IL) Khanna Kildee Kilmei Kim (NJ) Kind Kinzinger Kirknatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Lamb Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Lawrence

Lawson (FL) Ruiz Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lien Lofgren Lowenthal Luria Lynch Malinowski Maloney, Carolyn B. Maloney, Sean Manning McBath McCollum McEachin McGovern McNernev Meng Mfume Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Murphy (FL) Nadler Napolitano Nea1 Neguse Newman Norcross O'Halleran Obernolte Ocasio-Cortez Omar Pallone Panetta. Pappas Pascrell Payne Perlmutter Peters Pingree Pocan Porter Pressley Price (NC) Quigley Raskin Rice (NY) Ross Roybal-Allard Young

Ruppersberger Rvan Sánchez Sarbanes Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schrier Scott (VA) Scott, David Sewell Sherman Sherrill Sires Slotkin Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Soto Spanberger Speier Stansbury Stanton Stevens Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tlaib Tonko Torres (CA) Torres (NY) Trahan Trone Underwood Vargas Veasey Vela Velázquez Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Welch Wexton Wild Williams (GA) Wilson (FL) Yarmuth

NAYS-201

Aderholt Crenshaw Allen Curtis Amodei Davidson Armstrong Davis, Rodney Arrington DesJarlais Babin Diaz-Balart Bacon Donalds Baird Duncan Balderson Dunn Banks Ellzev Barr Emmer Bentz Estes Bergman Fallon Bice (OK) Feenstra Biggs Ferguson Bilirakis Fischbach Bishop (NC) Fitzgerald Boebert Fleischmann Bost Fortenberry Brady Foxx Buchanan Franklin, C Buck Scott Bucshon Fulcher Budd Gaetz Burchett Gallagher Garbarino Burgess Calvert Garcia (CA) Cammack Gibbs Carl Gimenez Carter (GA) Gohmert Gonzales, Tony Carter (TX) Cawthorn Gonzalez (OH) Good (VA) Chabot Gooden (TX) Cheney Cline Gosar Cloud Granger Clyde Graves (LA) Graves (MO) Cole Comer Green (TN)

Greene (GA)

Crawford

GriffithGrothman Guest Guthrie Hagedorn Harris Harshbarger Hartzler Hern Herrell Herrera Beutler Hice (GA) Higgins (LA) Hill Hinson Hudson Huizenga Issa Jackson Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Johnson (SD) Jordan Joyce (OH) Joyce (PA) Keller Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Kim (CA) Kustoff LaHood LaMalfa Lamborn Latta LaTurner Letlow Loudermilk Lucas

Luetkemeyer

Mace

Sarbanes

Malliotakis Pence Steil Mann Steube Perry Massie Pfluger Stewart Mast Posev Taylor McCarthy Reed Tenney McCaul Reschenthaler Thompson (PA) McClain Rice (SC) Tiffany Rodgers (WA) McClintock Timmons McHenry Rogers (AL) Turner McKinley Rogers (KY) Upton Meijer Rose Valadao Rosendale Meuser Van Drew Miller (IL) Rouzer Van Duyne Miller (WV) Roy Rutherford Wagner Miller-Meeks Walberg Moolenaar Salazar Mooney Moore (AL) Scalise Walorski Schweikert Waltz Weber (TX) Moore (UT) Scott, Austin Mullin Sessions Webster (FL) Murphy (NC) Simpson Wenstrup Smith (MO) Nehls Westerman Newhouse Smith (NE) Williams (TX) Norman Smucker Wilson (SC) Spartz Nunes Wittman Stauber Owens Womack Palazzo Steel Zeldin Stefanik Palmer

NOT VOTING-Lesko

Phillips

Kaptur Long

□ 1411

Messrs. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, JOHNSON of BENTZ. Louisiana, and WALBERG, JOYCE of Ohio "yea" changed their vote from "nay."

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey changed his vote from "nay" to "yea.

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Brooks

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 356.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

	,	
Axne (Spanberger)	Gonzalez, Vicente	Pingree (Kuster Rush
Babin (Nehls)	(Gomez)	(Underwood)
Bilirakis	Gosar (Greene	Sires (Pallone)
(Fleischmann)	(GA))	Steube
Boebert (Van	Jayapal (Pocan)	(Franklin, C.
Drew)	Khanna	Scott)
Bowman (Tlaib)	(Auchineloss)	Strickland
Cárdenas	Kirkpatrick	(Jeffries)
(Gomez)	(Stanton)	Swalwell
Cawthorn (Nehls)	Lawson (FL)	(Gomez)
Doggett (Raskin)	(Evans)	Waltz (Salazar)
Frankel, Lois	Meeks (Kelly	Wilson (FL)
(Clark (MA))	(IL))	(Hayes)
Gaetz (Greene	Meng (Jeffries)	Young (Joyce
(GA))	Pavne (Pallone)	(OH))

AMENDMENT NO. 2 OFFERED BY MR. KELLER

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on amendment No. 2, printed in part E of House Report 117-137, on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Keller).

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 197, nays 228, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 357]

YEAS-197

Aderholt

Allen

Babin

Bacon

Baird

Banks

Barr

Bentz

Bergman

Bice (OK)

Bilirakis

Boebert

Bucshon

Burchett

Burgess

Calvert

Carl

Cammack

Cawthorn

Chabot

Cheney

Cline

Cloud

Clyde

Comer

Crawford

Crenshaw

Davidson

Des Jarlais

Donalds

Duncan

Dunn

Ellzey

Estes

Fallon

Foxx

Scott Fulcher

Gallagher

Garbarino

Gibbs

Gimenez

Gohmert

Adams

Aguilar

Armstrong

Auchincloss

Barragán

Allred

Axne

Bass

Bera.

Beyer

Biggs Bishop (GA)

Blumenauer

Bonamici

Bowman

Bourdeaux

Blunt Rochester

Boyle, Brendan

Brown (MD)

Brownley

Budd

Bush

Bustos

Butterfield

Carbajal

Cárdenas

Beatty

Feenstra.

Ferguson

Fischbach

Fitzgerald

Emmer

Curtis

Cole

Bost

Buck

Amodei

Arrington

Balderson

Good (VA) Moore (UT) Gooden (TX) Mullin Murphy (NC) Granger Graves (LA) Nehls Newhouse Graves (MO) Green (TN) Norman Griffith Nunes Grothman Obernolte Guest Owens Guthrie Palazzo Hagedorn Palmer Harris Pence Harshbarger Perry Hartzler Pfluger Bishop (NC) Herrell Posey Herrera Beutler Reed Hice (GA) Reschenthaler Higgins (LA) Rice (SC) Hill Rodgers (WA) Hinson Rogers (AL) Hollingsworth Rogers (KY) Hudson Rose Huizenga. Rosendale Rouzer Issa Carter (GA) Jackson Rutherford Jacobs (NY) Carter (TX) Salazar Johnson (LA) Scalise Johnson (OH) Schweikert Johnson (SD) Scott, Austin Jordan Sessions Joyce (OH) Simpson Joyce (PA) Slotkin Smith (MO) Keller Kelly (MS) Smith (NE) Kelly (PA) Smucker Kim (CA) Spartz Kinzinger Stauber Kustoff Stee1 Stefanik Davis, Rodney LaHood LaMalfa Steil. Diaz-Balart Lamborn Steube Latta Stewart LaTurner Taylor Letlow Tenney Long Thompson (PA) Loudermilk Tiffany Timmons Lucas Turner Mace Malliotakis Unton Valadao Mann Massie Van Drew Mast Van Duvne McCarthy Fleischmann Wagner Walberg Fortenberry McCaul Walorski McClain Franklin, C. McClintock Waltz Weber (TX) Webster (FL) McHenry McKinley Meijer Wenstrup Meuser Westerman Miller (IL) Williams (TX) Garcia (CA) Wilson (SC) Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Wittman Womack Moolenaar Gonzales, Tony Mooney Young Moore (AL) Gonzalez (OH) Zeldin

NAYS-228

111110 220	
Carson	DeLauro
Carter (LA)	DelBene
Cartwright	Delgado
Case	Demings
Casten	DeSaulnier
Castor (FL)	Deutch
Castro (TX)	Dingell
Chu	Doggett
Cicilline	Doyle, Michael
Clark (MA)	F.
Clarke (NY)	Escobar
Cleaver	Eshoo
Clyburn	Espaillat
Cohen	Evans
Connolly	Fitzpatrick
Cooper	Fletcher
Correa	Foster
Costa	Frankel, Lois
Courtney	Gaetz
Craig	Gallego
Crist	Garamendi
Crow	García (IL)
Cuellar	Garcia (TX)
Davids (KS)	Golden
Davis, Danny K.	Gomez
Dean	Gonzalez,
DeFazio	Vicente
DeGette	Gosar

Grijalya. Harder (CA) Haves Hern Higgins (NY) Himes Horsford Houlahan Hoyer Huffman Jackson Lee Jacobs (CA) Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Johnson (TX) Jones Kahele Kaptur Katko Keating Kelly (IL) Khanna Kildee Kilmer Kim (NJ) Kind Kirkpatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Lamb Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Lawrence Lawson (FL) Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lieu Lofgren Lowenthal Luria Lynch Malinowski Brady

Gottheimer

Greene (GA)

Carolyn B. Green, Al (TX) Scanlon Maloney, Sean Schakowsky Manning Schiff Matsui McBath McCollum McEachin McGovern McNerney Meng Mfume Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Murphy (FL) Nadler Napolitano Nea1 Neguse Newman Norcross O'Halleran Ocasio-Cortez Omar Pallone Panetta Pappas Pascrell Payne Perlmutter Peters Pingree Pocan Porter Pressley Price (NC) Quigley Raskin Rice (NY) Ross Roy Roybal-Allard Ruiz Ruppersberger Rush Sánchez NOT VOTING-Buchanan Lesko

Maloney,

Schneider Schrader Schrier Scott (VA) Scott, David Sewell Sherman Sherrill Sires Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Soto Spanberger Speier Stansbury Stanton Stevens Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Titus Tlaib Tonko Torres (CA) Torres (NY) Trahan Trone Underwood Vargas Veasey Vela Velázquez Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Welch Wexton Wild Williams (GA) Wilson (FL) Yarmuth Luetkemeyer Phillips

Brooks

\sqcap 1428

Mses. JAYAPAL SPEIER and ''yea'' changed their vote from "nay."

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. DESJARLAIS. Madam Speaker, on rollcall No. 357, I mistakenly voted No when I intended to vote Yes.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Axne	Gonzalez,	Pingree (Kuster)
(Spanberger)	Vicente	Rush
Babin (Nehls)	(Gomez)	(Underwood)
Bilirakis	Gosar (Greene	Sires (Pallone)
(Fleischmann)	(GA))	Steube
Boebert (Van	Jayapal (Pocan)	(Franklin, C.
Drew)	Khanna	Scott)
Bowman (Tlaib)	(Auchincloss)	Strickland
Cárdenas	Kirkpatrick (Stanton)	(Jeffries)
(Gomez)	Lawson (FL)	Swalwell
Cawthorn (Nehls)	(Evans)	(Gomez)
Doggett (Raskin)	Long (McHenry)	Waltz (Salazar)
Frankel, Lois	Meeks (Kelly	Wilson (FL)
(Clark (MA))	(IL))	(Hayes)
Gaetz (Greene	Meng (Jeffries)	Young (Joyce
(GA))	Pavne (Pallone)	(OH))

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The previous question is ordered on the bill, as amended.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

Adams

Aguilar

Allred

The SPEAKER pro tempore. question is on passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. FOXX. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(s) of House Resolution 8, the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 224, nays 200, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 358]

YEAS-224 Green, Al (TX)

Pallone

Panetta

Pascrell

Pappas

Gottheimer

Grijalva

Auchincloss Harder (CA) Axne Hayes Pavne Barragán Higgins (NY) Perlmutter Beatty Himes Hollingsworth Peters Bera Phillips Horsford Beyer Pingree Bishop (GA) Houlahan Pocan Blumenauer Hoyer Porter Blunt Rochester Huffman Pressley Bonamici Jackson Lee Price (NC) Jacobs (CA) Bourdeaux Quigley Jayapal Bowman Raskin Boyle, Brendan Jeffries Rice (NY) Johnson (GA) Ross Brown (MD) Johnson (TX) Roybal-Allard Brownley Jones Ruiz Bustos Kahele Ruppersberger Butterfield Kaptur Rush Carbajal Katko Rvan Cárdenas Keating Salazar Carson Kelly (IL) Sánchez Carter (LA) Khanna. Sarbanes Cartwright Kildee Scanlon Case Kilmer Schakowsky Casten Kim (NJ) Castor (FL) Schiff Schneider Kirkpatrick Castro (TX) Schrader Chu Krishnamoorthi Cicilline Schrier Kuster Scott (VA) Clark (MA) Lamb Clarke (NY) Scott, David Langevin Cleaver Larsen (WA) Sewell Clyburn Larson (CT) Sherman Cohen Lawrence Sherrill Connolly Lawson (FL) Slotkin Cooper Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Correa Smith (NJ) Leger Fernandez Costa Smith (WA) Courtney Levin (CA) Soto Craig Levin (MI) Spanberger Crist Lieu Speier Crow Lofgren Stansbury Cuellar Lowenthal Stanton Davids (KS) Luria Stevens Davis, Danny K. Lvnch Strickland Malinowski Dean Suozzi DeFazio Maloney, Carolyn B. Swalwell DeGette Takano DeLauro Maloney, Sean Thompson (CA) DelBene Manning Thompson (MS) Delgado Matsui Titus McBath Demings Tlaib DeSaulnier McCollum Tonko Deutch McEachin Torres (CA) Dingell McGovern Torres (NY) Doggett McNerney Trahan Doyle, Michael Meeks Trone Meng Underwood Escobar Mfume Vargas Eshoo Moore (WI) Morelle Veasey Espaillat Vela Evans Moulton Velázguez Fitzpatrick Mrvan Wasserman Fletcher Murphy (FL) Schultz Foster Nadler Napolitano Frankel, Lois Waters Watson Coleman Gallego Neal Garamendi Welch Neguse García (IL) Newman Wexton Garcia (TX) Norcross O'Halleran Wild Williams (GA) Golden Wilson (FL) Gomez Obernolte Gonzalez, Vicente Ocasio-Cortez Varmuth Omar Young

NAYS-200

Aderholt Gibbs Miller (IL) Gimenez Miller (WV) Allen Amodei Miller-Meeks Gohmert Armstrong Gonzales Tony Moolenaar Gonzalez (OH) Arrington Mooney Good (VA) Moore (AL) Babin Bacon Gooden (TX) Mullin Murphy (NC) Baird Gosar Balderson Granger Nehls Banks Graves (LA) Newhouse Graves (MO) Barr Norman Bentz Nunes Green (TN) Bergman Greene (GA) Owens Bice (OK) Griffith Palazzo Grothman Palmer Biggs Bilirakis Guest Pence Guthrie Bishop (NC) Perry Boebert Hagedorn Pfluger Bost Harris Posev Harshbarger Brady Reed Reschenthaler Buchanan Hartzler Rice (SC) Buck Hern Bucshon Herrell Rodgers (WA) Budd Herrera Beutler Rogers (AL) Burchett Hice (GA) Rogers (KY) Higgins (LA) Burgess Rose Rosendale Calvert Hill Hinson Rouzer Cammack Hudson Carl Roy Carter (GA) Rutherford Huizenga Carter (TX) Scalise Issa Cawthorn Jackson Schweikert Jacobs (NY) Chabot Scott, Austin Cheney Johnson (LA) Sessions Johnson (OH) Cline Simpson Smith (MO) Cloud Johnson (SD) Clyde Jordan Smith (NE) Cole Joyce (OH) Smucker Joyce (PA) Comer Spartz Crawford Keller Stauber Crenshaw Kelly (MS) Steel Stefanik Curtis Kelly (PA) Kim (CA) Davidson Steil Davis, Rodney Kinzinger Steube DesJarlais Kustoff Stewart Diaz-Balart LaHood Taylor Donalds LaMalfa Tenney Tiffany Duncan Lamborn Latta Timmons Ellzev LaTurner Turner Emmer Upton Letlow Estes Valadao Long Fallon Loudermilk Van Drew Feenstra Van Duyne Lucas Ferguson Mace Wagner Fischbach Malliotakis Walberg Walorski Fitzgerald Mann Fleischmann Massie Waltz Weber (TX) Fortenberry Mast McCarthy Webster (FL) Foxx Franklin, C. McCaul Wenstrup Scott McClain Westerman Fulcher McClintock Williams (TX) McHenry Gaetz Wilson (SC) Gallagher Wittman McKinley Garbarino Meijer Womack Garcia (CA) Meuser Zeldin

NOT VOTING-7

Lesko Thompson (PA) Bass Luetkemeyer Brooks Bush Moore (UT)

□ 1446

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to amend the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 to prohibit employers from limiting, segregating, or classifying applicants for employment.".

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. MOORE of Utah. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 358.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Gonzalez. Payne (Pallone) Axne (Spanberger) Vicente Pingree (Kuster) Babin (Nehls) (Gomez) Rush Bilirakis Gosar (Greene (Underwood) (GA)) (Fleischmann) Sires (Pallone) Jayapal (Pocan) Boebert (Van Steube Drew) Khanna. (Franklin C Bowman (Tlaib) (Auchineloss) Scott) Cárdenas Kirkpatrick Strickland (Gomez) (Stanton) (Jeffries) Cawthorn (Nehls) Lawson (FL) Swalwell (Evans) Long (McHenry) Doggett (Raskin) (Gomez) Frankel, Lois Waltz (Salazar) Meeks (Kelly (Clark (MA)) Wilson (FL) Gaetz (Greene (IL)) Meng (Jeffries) (Haves) (GA))

HAZARD ELIGIBILITY AND LOCAL PROJECTS ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1917) to modify eligibility requirements for certain hazard mitigation assistance programs, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. Pappas) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 409, nays 16, not voting 6, as follows:

[Roll No. 359] YEAS-409

Adams Carl Deutch Aderholt Carson Diaz-Balart Aguilar Carter (GA) Dingell Allen Carter (LA) Doggett Allred Carter (TX) Donalds Doyle, Michael Amodei Cartwright Armstrong Arrington Casten Duncan Castor (FL) Auchincloss Dunn Castro (TX) Ellzey Ba.bin Cawthorn Emmer Chabot Escobar Bacon Eshoo Espaillat Baird Cheney Balderson Chu Cicilline Banks Evans BarrClark (MA) Fallon Barragán Clarke (NY) Feenstra Bass Cleaver Ferguson Beatty Cline Fischbach Cloud Fitzgerald Bentz Bera Clyburn Fitzpatrick Bergman Cohen Fleischmann Cole Fletcher Bever Bice (OK) Comer Fortenberry Bilirakis Connolly Foster Bishop (GA) Foxx Cooper Frankel, Lois Bishop (NC) Correa Blumenauer Costa. Franklin, C. Blunt Rochester Courtney Scott Boebert Craig Fulcher Bonamici Crawford Gaetz Crenshaw Gallagher Bost Bourdeaux Gallego Crist Garamendi Bowman Crow Boyle, Brendan Cuellar Garbarino F. Curtis Garcia (CA) Brown (MD) Davids (KS) García (IL) Brownley Davidson Garcia (TX) Buchanan Davis, Danny K. Gibbs Gimenez Bucshon Davis, Rodney Budd Dean Gohmert Burchett DeFazio Golden Bush DeGette Gomez Bustos DeLauro Gonzales, Tony Butterfield DelBene Gonzalez (OH) Calvert Delgado Gonzalez, Cammack Vicente Demings Gooden (TX) Gottheimer Carbajal DeSaulnier Cárdenas DesJarlais

Mace Granger Graves (LA) Malinowski Graves (MO) Malliotakis Green (TN) Maloney, Carolyn B. Green, Al (TX) Griffith Maloney, Sean Grijalva Mann Grothman Manning Guest Guthrie Hagedorn Harder (CA) Harris Hartzler Hayes Hern Herrell Herrera Beutler Higgins (LA) Higgins (NY) Hill Himes Hinson Hollingsworth Horsford Houlahan Hover Hudson Huffman Huizenga Issa Jackson Jackson Lee Jacobs (CA) Jacobs (NY) Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Johnson (SD) Johnson (TX) Jones Jordan Joyce (OH) Jovce (PA) Kahele Kaptur Katko Keating Keller Kelly (IL) Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Khanna Kildee Kilmer Kim (CA) Kim (NJ) Kind Kinzinger Kirknatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Kustoff LaHood LaMalfa Lamb Lamborn Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latta LaTurner Lawrence Lawson (FL) Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Letlow Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lieu Lofgren Long Loudermilk Lowenthal Lucas Luria Lynch

Matsui McBath McCarthy McCaul McClain McClintock McCollum McEachin McGovern McHenry McKinley McNerney Meeks Meijer Meng Meuser Mfume Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL) Moore (UT) Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Mullin Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Nadler Napolitano Neal Neguse Newhouse Newman Norcross Nunes O'Halleran Obernolte Ocasio-Cortez Omar Owens Palazzo Pallone Palmer Pappas Pascrell Payne Pence Perlmutter Perry Pfluger Phillips Pingree Pocan Porter Posey Pressley Price (NC) Quiglev Raskin Reed Reschenthaler Rice (NY) Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rose Ross Rouzer Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Rutherford R.va.n Salazar

NAYS-16

Biggs Greene (GA) Buck Harshbarger Hice (GA) Burgess Clyde Good (VA) Miller (IL) Gosar Norman

Rosendale Roy Sessions Steube

NOT VOTING-6

Brady Estes Luetkemeyer Brooks Lesko Peters

\Box 1506

Mr. HARRIS changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Sánchez

Scalise

Scanlon

Schiff

Schakowsky

Schneider

Schweikert

Scott (VA)

Scott, Austin

Scott, David

Schrader

Schrier

Sewell.

Sherman

Sherrill

Simpson

Slotkin

Smith (MO)

Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)

Smith (WA)

Spanberger

Stansbury

Stanton

Stauber

Stefanik

Stevens

Stewart

Suozzi

Swalwell

Takano

Taylor

Tenney

Tiffany

Titus

Tlaib

Tonko

Trahan

Trone

Turner

Upton

Valadao

Vargas

Veasey

Wagner

Walberg

Walorski

Wasserman

Schultz

Weber (TX)

Webster (FL)

Watson Coleman

Waltz

Waters

Welch

Wenstrup

Wexton

Wild

Westerman

Williams (GA)

Williams (TX)

Wilson (FL)

Wilson (SC)

Wittman

Womack

Yarmuth

Young

Zeldin

Vela

Van Drew

Van Duyne

Velázquez

Torres (CA)

Torres (NY)

Underwood

Timmons

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Thompson (PA)

Strickland

Steel

Steil

Smucker

Soto

Spartz

Speier

Sires

Sarbanes

Mr. ESTES. Madam Speaker, I was not present for rollcall Vote No. 359 on motion to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 1917 Hazard Eligibility and Local Projects Act. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 359

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Gonzalez. (Spanberger) Vicente Babin (Nehls) (Gomez) Bilirakis Gosar (Greene (Fleischmann) (GA)) Boebert (Van Jayapal (Pocan) Drew) Khanna Bowman (Tlaib) (Auchineloss) Cárdenas Kirkpatrick (Gomez) (Stanton) Cawthorn (Nehls) Lawson (FL) Doggett (Raskin) (Evans) Long (McHenry) Frankel Lois (Clark (MA)) Meeks (Kelly Gaetz (Greene (IL)) Meng (Jeffries)

Pingree (Kuster) Rush (Underwood) Sires (Pallone) Steube (Franklin, C. Scott) Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Waltz (Salazar) Wilson (FL) (Haves)

Pavne (Pallone)

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

> OFFICE OF THE CLERK, House of Representatives Washington, DC, November 3, 2021.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,

Speaker, House of Representatives,

Washington, DC.

(GA))

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: I have the honor to transmit herewith a scanned copy of a letter received from Ms. Amanda M. Grandjean, Esq., Director of Elections and Deputy Assistant Secretary of State, Ohio Office of the Secretary of State, indicating that, according to the unofficial results of the Special Congressional General Elections held November 2, 2021, the Honorable Shontel M. Brown was elected Representative to Congress for the Eleventh Congressional District, State of Ohio, and the Honorable Mike Carey was elected Representative to Congress for the Fifteenth Congressional District. State of Ohio

With best wishes, I am. Sincerely.

CHERYL L. JOHNSON,

Clerk.

FRANK LAROSE, OHIO SECRETARY OF STATE, November 3, 2021.

Hon. CHERYL L. JOHNSON, Clerk, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR Ms. JOHNSON: This letter is to inform you of the unofficial election results from the Special Congressional General Election for the unexpired terms in the 11th and 15th Congressional Districts of Ohio. The results of the Unofficial Canvass accompany this letter. Please note that results are unofficial

until the most populous county in each district certifies the official results of the election. The Unofficial Canvass does not include a count of qualifying provisional ballots or absentee ballots postmarked the day before Election Day, but not received by dose of

As noted in the unofficial results from the most populous county accompanying this letter, Shontel Brown received the highest number of votes in the 11th Congressional District of Ohio. Additionally, as noted in the unofficial results from the most populous county accompanying this letter, Mike Carey received the highest number of votes in the 15th Congressional District of Ohio. Of course, these results are unofficial until after the Official Canvass of the election is complete and a Certificate of Election is issued.

The Official Canvass will be completed three weeks after the conclusion of the election, no later than November 23, 2021. A recount can only be requested, or a challenge filed after the Official Canvass is completed. Once the most populous county in each district certifies the official results, our Office will inform you of the official results and any anticipated recount or challenge. Secretary LaRose will then issue the Certificates of Election on December 2, 2021.

If you have any questions, please contact the Elections Division at (614) 466-2585.

Sincerely,

AMANDA M. GRANDJEAN, ESQ. Director of Elections and Deputy Assistant Secretary of State.

SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE SHONTEL M. BROWN, OF OHIO. THE HONORABLE CAREY, OF OHIO, AS MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentlewoman from Ohio, the Honorable SHONTEL BROWN, and the gentleman from Ohio, the Honorable Mike Carey, be permitted to take the oath of office today

Their certificates of election have not arrived, but there is no contest, and no question has been raised with regard to their election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Ohio?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Will the Representatives-elect and the Members of the Ohio delegation present themselves in the well.

The Representatives-elect will please raise their right hand.

Ms. BROWN of Ohio and Mr. CAREY appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

The SPEAKER. Congratulations. You are now Members of the 117th Congress. WELCOMING THE HONORABLE SHONTEL BROWN TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, today we welcome Representative Shontel Brown of Ohio's 11th Congressional District to the Halls of Congress, America's temple of democracy.

Representative Brown's Great Lakes, northern Ohio, Cleveland region has weathered enormous challenges over the years. Now more than ever her intelligent, innovative, personable, and collaborative leadership are needed.

Representative Brown has a remarkable record of such accomplishments. She follows in the footsteps of former Congresswoman and now HUD Secretary Marcia Fudge, Representative Stephanie Tubbs Jones, and Representative Louis Stokes. Representative Brown will now become the 58th member of the Black Caucus, an historic high for our Nation.

First, as a Warrensville Heights City Council member, and then as a Cuyahoga County Council member, Representative Brown has driven progress through investments in infrastructure, health and human services, and education at every juncture to help incentivize good-paying jobs.

SHONTEL knows well how important it is for Federal and local governments working with the private sector to partner together to improve quality of life and increase opportunity, equity, and justice for all.

Her relationships across northeast Ohio are very deep. Her commitment to serving greater Cleveland and Akron is dynamic and purposeful.

Ohio's Buckeye State congressional delegation is honored to welcome sparkling Representative SHONTEL BROWN. We stand ready to work with her to deliver results for Ohio and for the American people.

I yield to the gentlewoman from Ohio.

Ms. BROWN of Ohio. Madam Speaker, I thank Congresswoman KAPTUR for her kind introduction.

I rise as the newest Representative for Ohio's 11th Congressional District.

First, I thank my family, including my mom and dad; my siblings, Ray and Nick; my nieces and nephews; aunts; uncles; cousins; and a special birthday shout-out to my cousin, Stephanie. I am guessing this is the best birthday present she has ever received.

I also thank my friends Azuree, Lisa, and Kelly, and their parents; my team; and all of my incredible supporters who helped me along the way.

But most importantly, I thank the great people of my district for placing their trust in me.

I am humbled and honored to have the privilege of serving you, the people of Ohio's 11th Congressional District, in the House of Representatives. I take this responsibility seriously. I ran for Congress because I believe in the resilience of the community I love and call home; because I believe that public service is always about putting the people first; because I believe that now, with the eyes of history upon us, it is time to build a more just and more equitable future. These are the values I promise to hold close every day as I make your voice heard in Congress.

I enter these hallowed Halls on the shoulders of my predecessors, leaders like Louis Stokes; Congresswoman Stephanie Tubbs Jones; and my mentor and my friend, HUD Secretary Marcia Fudge. I vow to do the same work that she did as I vow to work for the people and be a voice of the people.

As a proud Clevelander, I know that we are strong and that our work is to emerge from the pandemic stronger than ever. Our work is to rebuild an economy that puts the dignity of working people first, to protect the most vulnerable among us, to ensure every child has access to quality public education, to fight for a day when every person has a roof over their head and food on their plate, to protect the right to vote, and to tackle the other great challenges of our time.

I cannot wait to get to work with my colleagues in Congress to deliver results for the people of northeast Ohio and this great country.

WELCOMING THE HONORABLE MIKE CAREY TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Speaker, today, we have the additional distinct pleasure of welcoming Representative MIKE CAREY of Sabina, Ohio, to the 117th Congress and to Ohio's Buckeye State congressional delegation.

Ohio is truly the industrial heartland of America, and the 15th Congressional District embodies our region's aspirations and struggles.

The hardworking men and women of south central Ohio hold high hopes. They have sent Representative MIKE CAREY to advance progress for Ohio and America. We know he will champion the cause of workers and families so all can succeed.

We all can imagine how very proud his family and friends are at this unforgettable moment.

From assuring America's energy independence and deploying broadband internet, to rebuilding our roads, bridges, and power grid, Representative MIKE CAREY will bring his experience to bear with the energy industry to move Ohio and America forward and secure good-paying jobs for the middle class.

All of us here today are excited to welcome determined, dogged Representative MIKE CAREY and to get to work delivering new prosperity across our great State and Nation.

Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. CAREY. Madam Speaker, first, I am humbled to stand here today to serve in the people's House as a product of the small town of Sabina, Ohio.

I thank my family: my wonderful wife, Meghan, who is home with our young son Conrad while we are preparing to welcome a new son into the world in just a couple of weeks; also, my incredible son Prescott; my brother Chad; and my loving mother, Debra, who are all here today in the gallery.

To the people of Ohio's 15th District, from our smallest towns to our State capital in Columbus, I am truly honored that you have entrusted me with this solemn duty. Whether you work on a farm, own a small business, or are a large employer, I promise to fight for our district and to represent you all with dignity and respect.

The problems facing our Nation today are great and consequential. Working families need this body to deliver solutions. Today, I am ready to work for the people of my district and for this great Nation.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath of office to the gentlewoman and the gentleman from Ohio, the whole number of the House is 434.

ADVANCED AIR MOBILITY COORDINATION AND LEADERSHIP ACT

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1339) to require the Secretary of Transportation to establish an advanced air mobility interagency working group, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. JACOBS of California). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. PAPPAS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 383, nays 41, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 360] YEAS—383

Adams Bergman Aderholt Bever Bice (OK) Aguilar Allred Amodei Armstrong Auchincloss Axne Bacon Bonamici Baird Bost Bourdeaux Balderson Barr Bowman Barragán Bass Beatty Rentz

Bera

Buchanan Bucshon Budd Bilirakis Bishop (GA) Burchett Burgess Bishop (NC) Bush Blumenauer Bustos Blunt Rochester Butterfield Calvert Carbajal Cárdenas Carey Boyle, Brendan Carl Carson Brown (MD) Carter (GA) Brown (OH) Carter (LA) Brownley Carter (TX)

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

Cartwright Hayes Herrell Case Casten Herrera Beutler Castor (FL) Higgins (LA) Higgins (NY) Castro (TX) Chabot Hill Cheney Himes Hinson Chu Cicilline Hollingsworth Clark (MA) Horsford Clarke (NY) Houlahan Cleaver Hover Cloud Hudson Clyburn Huffman Huizenga Cohen Cole Comer Jackson Lee Connolly Jacobs (CA) Cooper Jacobs (NY) Correa. Javapal Jeffries Costa Courtney Johnson (GA) Craig Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Crawford Johnson (SD) Crenshaw Johnson (TX) Crist Crow Jones Cuellar Jordan Joyce (OH) Curtis Davids (KS) Joyce (PA) Kahele Davidson Davis, Danny K. Kaptur Davis, Rodney Katko Dean Keating DeFazio Keller Kelly (IL) DeGette Kelly (MS) DeLauro DelBene Kelly (PA) Delgado Khanna Demings Kildee DeSaulnier Kilmer DesJarlais Kim (CA) Deutch Kim (NJ) Diaz-Balart Kind Kirkpatrick Dingell Doggett Krishnamoorthi Doyle, Michael Kuster Kustoff Duncan LaHood Dunn Lamb Lamborn Ellzey Emmer Langevin Larsen (WA) Escobar Larson (CT) Eshoo Espaillat Latta. LaTurner Estes Evans Lawrence Lawson (FL) Feenstra. Ferguson Lee (CA) Fischbach Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Fitzgerald Letlow Fitzpatrick Fleischmann Levin (CA) Fletcher Levin (MI) Fortenberry Lieu Foster Lofgren Foxx Long Lowenthal Frankel, Lois Franklin, C. Lucas Scott Luria Fulcher Lynch Gallagher Mace Malinowski Gallego Garamendi Malliotakis Maloney, Carolyn B. Garbarino Garcia (CA) García (IL) Maloney, Sean Garcia (TX) Mann Gibbs Manning Gimenez Mast Golden Matsui Gomez McBath McCarthy Gonzales, Tony Gonzalez (OH) McCaul McClain Gonzalez, Vicente McCollum Gottheimer McEachin Granger McGovern McHenry Graves (LA) McKinley Graves (MO) Green (TN) McNernev Meeks Meijer Green, Al (TX) Grijalva Grothman Meng Guest Meuser Guthrie Mfume Miller (WV) Hagedorn Harder (CA) Miller-Meeks Hartzler Moolenaar

Mooney Moore (UT) Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Mullin Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Nadler Napolitano Neal Neguse Newhouse Newman Norcross Nunes O'Halleran Ocasio-Cortez Omar Owens Palazzo Pallone Palmer Panetta Pappas Pascrell Payne Pence Perlmutter Pfluger Phillips Pingree Porter Presslev Price (NC) Quigley Raskin Reed Reschenthaler Rice (NY) Rice (SC) Rodgers (WA) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rose Ross Rouzer Roybal-Allard Ruiz Rush Rutherford Rvan Salazar Sánchez Sarbanes Scalise Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schrier Schweikert Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Scott, David Sessions Sewell Sherman Sherrill Simpson Sires Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Smucker Soto Spanberger Spartz Speier Stansbury Stanton Stauber Steel Stefanik Steil Stevens Stewart Strickland Suozzi Swalwell Takano Taylor

Tenney

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS) Van Drew Welch Thompson (PA) Van Duyne Wenstrup Timmons Vargas Westerman Titus Veasey Wexton Tlaib Vela Wild Tonko Velázquez Williams (GA) Torres (CA) Wagner Williams (TX) Torres (NY) Walberg Wilson (FL) Trahan Walorski Wilson (SC) Trone Waltz Wittman Wasserman Turner Womack Underwood Schultz Yarmuth Waters Upton Zeldin Valadao Watson Coleman NAYS-41 Allen Good (VA) Miller (IL) Arrington Gooden (TX) Moore (AL) Babin Gosar Nehls Banks Greene (GA) Norman Biggs Griffith Perry Posey

Boebert Harris Harshbarger Buck Hern Hice (GA) Cammack Cawthorn Cline Jackson Clyde LaMalfa Loudermilk Fallon Gaetz Massie Gohmert

Brady

Brooks

Donalds

Webster (FL) McClintock NOT VOTING-9 Kinzinger Peters Ruppersberger Lesko Luetkemever

Rosendale

Slotkin

Steube

Tiffany

Weber (TX)

F.

Carl

Delgado

Demings

Roy

 \Box 1537

Mr. POSEY changed his vote from to "nay

Mr. RUTHERFORD changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Gonzalez Payne (Pallone) (Spanberger) Vicente Pingree (Kuster) Babin (Nehls) (Gomez) Rush Bilirakis Gosar (Greene (Underwood) (Fleischmann) (GA)) Sires (Pallone) Jayapal (Pocan) Boebert (Van Steube Drew) Khanna. (Franklin C Bowman (Tlaib) (Auchineloss) Scott) Cárdenas Kirkpatrick Strickland (Gomez) (Stanton) (Jeffries) Cawthorn (Nehls) Lawson (FL) Swalwell Doggett (Raskin) (Evans) (Gomez) Long (McHenry) Frankel Lois Waltz (Salazar) Meeks (Kelly (Clark (MA)) Wilson (FL) Gaetz (Greene (IL)) Meng (Jeffries) (Haves) (GA))

ELIMINATING BARRIERS INTERNET DEVELOP-RURAL MENT GRANT ELIGIBILITY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3193) to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to provide for a high-speed broadband deployment initiative, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. Pappas) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 410, nays 16, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 361]

YEAS-410

Adams DeSaulnier Aderholt DesJarlais Aguilar Deutch Allen Diaz-Balart Allred Dingell Amodei Doggett Armstrong Doyle, Michael Arrington F. Duncan Auchincloss Babin Bacon Ellzey Baird Emmer Balderson Eshoo Banks Espaillat Barr Estes Barragán Evans Bass Fallon Beatty Feenstra Bentz Ferguson Fischbach Bera Bergman Fitzgerald Beyer Fitzpatrick Bice (OK) Fleischmann Bilirakis Fletcher Bishop (GA) Fortenberry Bishop (NC) Foster Blumenauer Foxx Blunt Rochester Frankel, Lois Bonamici Franklin, C Bost Scott Bourdeaux Fulcher Bowman Gaetz Gallagher Boyle, Brendan Gallego Garamendi Brown (MD) Brown (OH) Garbarino Brownley Garcia (CA) Buchanan García (IL) Gibbs Bucshon Budd Gimenez Burchett Golden Burgess Gomez Bush Gonzales, Tony Gonzalez (OH) Bustos Butterfield Gonzalez, Calvert Vicente Cammack Gooden (TX) Carbajal Gosar Cárdenas Gottheimer Carey Granger Graves (LA) Carson Graves (MO) Carter (GA) Green (TN) Carter (LA) Green, Al (TX) Carter (TX) Greene (GA) Griffith Cartwright Grijalva Castor (FL) Grothman Castro (TX) Guest Cawthorn Guthrie Chabot Hagedorn Cheney Harder (CA) Chu Cicilline Harris Harshbarger Clark (MA) Hartzler Clarke (NY) Hayes Cleaver Hern Cline Herrera Beutler Cloud Higgins (LA) Higgins (NY) Clyburn Clyde Cohen Himes Cole Hinson Hollingsworth Comer Connolly Horsford Houlahan Cooper Correa Hoyer Costa Hudson Huffman Courtney Craig Huizenga Crawford Issa. Jackson Crenshaw Crist Jackson Lee Crow Jacobs (CA) Cuellar Jacobs (NY) CurtisJayapal Davids (KS) Jeffries Davis, Danny K. Johnson (GA) Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Davis, Rodney Dean DeFazio Johnson (SD) DeGetteJohnson (TX) DeLauro Jones DelBene Jordan

Kahele Kaptur Katko Keating Keller Kelly (IL) Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Khanna Kildee Kilmer Kim (CA) Kim (NJ) Kind Kinzinger Kirkpatrick Krishnamoorthi Kuster Kustoff LaHood La.Ma.lfa. Lamb Lamborn Langevin Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latta LaTurner Lawrence Lawson (FL) Lee (CA) Lee (NV) Leger Fernandez Letlow Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lieu Lofgren Long Loudermilk Lowenthal Lucas Luetkemever Luria Lynch Mace Malinowski Malliotakis Maloney, Carolyn B Maloney, Sean Mann Manning Mast Matsui McBath McCarthy McCaul McClain McClintock McCollum McEachin McGovern McHenry McKinley McNerney Meeks Meijer Meng Meuser Mfume Miller (IL) Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL) Moore (UT) Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Mullin Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Nadler Napolitano Neal Neguse Nehls Newhouse Newman

Norcross

O'Halleran

Obernolte

Joyce (OH)

Joyce (PA)

Schiff

Schneider

Schrader

Schrier

Sessions

Sherman

Simpson

Slotkin

Smucker

Soto

Spartz

Speier

Stansbury

Stanton

Stauber

Stefanik

Steel

Steil

Steube

Stevens

Stewart

Suozzi

Swalwell

Takano

Taylor

Tenney

Strickland

Sires

Sherrill

Sewell

November
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Owens
Palazzo
Pallone
Palmer
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pence
Perlmutter
Pfluger
Phillips
Pingree
Pocan
Porter
Posey
Pressley
Price (NC)
Quigley
Raskin
Reed
Reschenthaler
Rice (NY)
Rice (SC)
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale Ross
Rouzer
Roybal-Allard
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rush
Rutherford
Salazar
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scalise
Scanlon
Scalifoli

Tiffany Schakowsky Timmons Tlaib Tonko Schweikert Torres (CA) Scott (VA) Torres (NY) Scott, Austin Trahan Scott, David Trone Turner Underwood Unton Valadao Van Drew Van Duvne Vargas Smith (MO) Veasey Smith (NE) Vela Smith (NJ) Velázquez Smith (WA) Wagner Walberg Walorski Spanberger Waltz Schultz Waters

Wasserman Watson Coleman Webster (FL) Welch Wenstrup Westerman Wexton Wild Williams (GA) Williams (TX) Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Wittman

Womack

Yarmuth

Young

Zeldin

Norman

Weber (TX)

Perry

Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) NAYS-16

Thompson (CA)

Garcia (TX) Biggs Boebert Gohmert Good (VA) Buck Casten Herrell Davidson Hice (GA) Escobar Massie

NOT VOTING-7 Ryan

Axne Donalds Brady Lesko Brooks Peters

□ 1603

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Babin (Nehls) Bilirakis (Fleischmann) Boebert (Van Drew) Bowman (Tlaib) Cárdenas (Gomez) Cawthorn (Nehls) Doggett (Raskin) Frankel, Lois (Clark (MA)) Gaetz (Greene (GA))

Gonzalez, Vicente (Gomez) Gosar (Greene (GA)) Jayapal (Pocan) Khanna (Auchincloss) Kirkpatrick (Stanton) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Long (McHenry) Meeks (Kelly

Payne (Pallone) Pingree (Kuster) Rush (Underwood) Sires (Pallone) Steube (Franklin, C. Scott) Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Waltz (Salazar) Wilson (FL) (Hayes) Meng (Jeffries)

PRELIMINARY DAMAGE ASSESS-MENT IMPROVEMENT ACT OF

(IL))

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. SCHRIER). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3709) to direct the

Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to submit to Congress a report on preliminary damage assessments and make necessary improvements to processes in the Federal Emergency Management Agency, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. PAPPAS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 402, nays 11, not voting 20, as follows:

[Roll No. 362]

YEAS-402

Craig Crawford Adams Greene (GA) Aderholt Griffith Aguilar Crenshaw Grijalva Allred Crist Grothman Amodei Crow Guest Cuellar Guthrie Armstrong Arrington Curtis Hagedorn Auchincloss Davids (KS) Harder (CA) Davidson Harris Babin Davis, Danny K. Harshbarger Davis, Rodney Bacon Hartzler Baird Dean Hayes Balderson DeFazio Hern Herrell DeGette Banks Barr DeLauro Herrera Beutler Barragán DelBene Hice (GA) Bass Delgado Higgins (LA) Beattv Demings Higgins (NY) Bentz DeSaulnier Hill Bera DesJarlais Himes Bergman Deutch Hinson Hollingsworth Diaz-Balart Bever Bice (OK) Dingell Horsford Bilirakis Doggett Houlahan Bishop (NC) Donalds Hover Doyle, Michael Hudson Blumenauer Blunt Rochester F Huffman Duncan Bonamici Huizenga Bost Dunn Issa Bourdeaux Ellzev Jackson Jacobs (CA) Bowman Emmer Boyle, Brendan Escobar Jacobs (NY) F Eshoo Javapal Brown (MD) Espaillat Jeffries Brown (OH) Johnson (GA) Estes Brownley Evans Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Bucshon Fallon Budd Feenstra Johnson (SD) Burchett Ferguson Johnson (TX) Burgess Fischbach Jones Bush Fitzgerald Jordan Joyce (OH) Fitzpatrick Bustos Butterfield Fleischmann Joyce (PA) Calvert Fletcher Kahele Cammack Fortenberry Kaptur Carbajal Foster Katko Cárdenas Foxx Keating Frankel, Lois Keller Carev Franklin, C. Kelly (IL) Carl Carson Scott Kelly (MS) Carter (GA) Fulcher Kelly (PA) Carter (TX) Gaetz Khanna Gallagher Cartwright Kildee Case Gallego Kilmer Casten Garamendi Kim (CA) Castor (FL) Garbarino Kim (NJ) Castro (TX) Garcia (CA) Kind Cawthorn García (IL) Kinzinger Chabot Garcia (TX) Kirkpatrick Chu Krishnamoorthi Gibbs Cicilline Gimenez Kuster Clark (MA) Gohmert Kustoff Clarke (NY) Golden LaHood Cline Gomez LaMalfa Gonzales, Tony Cloud Lamb Clyburn Gonzalez (OH) Lamborn Gonzalez, Langevin Larsen (WA) Clyde Cohen Vicente Cole Gooden (TX) Larson (CT) Comer Gottheimer Latta Connolly LaTurner Granger Graves (LA) Cooper Lawrence Costa Graves (MO) Lawson (FL) Lee (CA) Courtney Green (TN)

Leger Fernandez Letlow Levin (CA) Levin (MI) Lien Lofgren Long Loudermilk Lowenthal Lucas Luetkemever Luria Lynch Mace Malinowski Malliotakis Malonev. Carolyn B Maloney, Sean Mann Mast Matsui McBath McCarthy McCaul McClain McCollum McEachin McGovern McHenry McKinley McNernev Meeks Meijer Meng Meuser Mfume Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks Moolenaar Mooney Moore (AL Moore (UT) Moore (WI) Morelle Moulton Mrvan Mullin Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC) Nadler Napolitano Neal Neguse Nehls Newhouse Newman Norcross Nunes O'Halleran Obernolte

Lee (NV)

Ocasio-Cortez Spanberger Omar Spartz Owens Speier Palazzo Stansbury Pallone Stanton Palmer Stauber Panetta. Stee1 Stefanik Pappas Pascrell Steil Pavne Steube Pence Stevens Perlmutter Stewart Strickland Perry Suozzi Swalwell Phillips Takano Pingree Pocan Taylor Porter Tenney Thompson (CA) Posey Pressley Thompson (MS) Quigley Thompson (PA) Tiffany Raskin Reed Timmons Reschenthaler Titus Rice (NY) Tlaib Rice (SC) Tonko Rodgers (WA) Torres (CA) Rogers (AL) Torres (NY) Rogers (KY) Trahan Rose Trone Ross Turner Rouzer Underwood Ruiz Upton Ruppersberger Valadao Van Drew Rush Rutherford Van Duvne Ryan Vargas Salazar Vela Velázquez Sánchez Scalise Wagner Scanlon Walberg Schakowsky Walorski Schiff Waltz Schrader Wasserman Schrier Schultz Schweikert Waters Watson Coleman Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Weber (TX) Scott, David Webster (FL) Sessions Welch Sewell Wenstrup Sherman Westerman Sherrill. Wexton Simpson Wild Williams (GA) Sires Slotkin Wilson (FL) Smith (MO) Wilson (SC) Smith (NE) Wittman Smith (NJ) Womack Smith (WA) Yarmuth Young Smucker Soto Zeldin

NAYS-11

Good (VA) Allen Norman Biggs Gosar Rosendale Boebert Massie Roy Miller (IL) Buck

NOT VOTING-

Bishop (GA) Price (NC) Correa Green, Al (TX) Brady Roybal-Allard Brooks Jackson Lee Sarbanes Buchanan Lesko Schneider Carter (LA) Manning Veasey Cheney McClintock Williams (TX) Cleaver Peters

□ 1620

Mr. GOSAR changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 362.

Rosendale

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Rutherford

Ross

Roy

Rush

Ryan

Salazar

Sánchez

Sarbanes

Scalise

Scanlon

Schiff

Schrier

Schakowsky

Schneider

Schweikert

Scott (VA)

Sessions

Sherman

Sherrill.

Simpson

Sires Slotkin

Smith (MO)

Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)

Smith (WA)

Spanberger

Smucker

Soto

Spartz

Speier

Stansbury

Stanton

Stauber

Stefanik

Stee1

Steil

Steube

Stevens

Stewart

Suozzi

Strickland

Swalwell

Takano

Taylor

Tennev

Timmons

Torres (NY)

Underwood

Titus

Tlaib

Tonko

Trahan

Turner

Upton

Valadao

Vargas

Veasey

Wagner

Walberg

Waltz

Welch

Wenstrup

Wexton

Westerman

Williams (GA)

Williams (TX)

Wilson (FL)

Wilson (SC

Wittman

Womack

Young

Zeldin

Walorski

Wasserman

Schultz

Weber (TX)

Webster (FL)

Watson Coleman

Velázguez

Van Drew

Van Duvne

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Thompson (PA)

Sewell

Scott, Austin

Scott, David

Rouzer

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Payne (Pallone)

Pingree (Kuster)

(Underwood)

(Franklin, C.

Sires (Pallone)

Rush

Steube

Scott)

Strickland

Swalwell

(Jeffries)

(Gomez)

Wilson (FL)

(Haves)

Waltz (Salazar)

Gonzalez. Axne (Spanberger) Vicente Babin (Nehls) (Gomez) Bilirakis Gosar (Greene (GA)) (Fleischmann) Boebert (Van Jayapal (Pocan) Drew) Khanna Bowman (Tlaib) (Auchineloss) Cárdenas Kirkpatrick (Gomez) (Stanton) Cawthorn (Nehls) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Long (McHenry) Meeks (Kelly Doggett (Raskin) Frankel, Lois (Clark (MA)) Gaetz (Greene (IL)) Meng (Jeffries) (GA))

MODIFYING PURCHASE TREAT-CERTAIN MENT OF BARGAIN-PRICE OPTIONS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2220) to amend title 40. United States Code, to modify treatment of certain bargain-price options to purchase at less than fair market value, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire

(Mr. Pappas) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 416, nays 4, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 363]

YEAS-416 Adams Bush Aderholt Bustos Dean Butterfield DeFazio Aguilar Calvert DeGette Allred Cammack DeLauro DelBene Amodei Carbajal Armstrong Cárdenas Delgado Arrington Carev Demines DeSaulnier Auchincloss Carl Carson DesJarlais Carter (GA) Babin Deutch Diaz-Balart Bacon Carter (TX) Baird Cartwright Dingell Balderson Case Doggett Castor (FL) Banks Donalds Castro (TX) Barr Barragán Cawthorn Duncan Chabot Bass Beatty Cheney Dunn Chu Ellzev Bentz Cicilline Bera Emmer Bergman Clark (MA) Eshoo Clarke (NY) Estes Bever Bice (OK) Cleaver Evans Biggs Cline Fallon Bilirakis Cloud Feenstra Bishop (GA) Clyburn Ferguson Bishop (NC) Clyde Fischbach Cohen Blumenauer Fitzgerald Blunt Rochester Fitzpatrick Boebert Comer Fleischmann Bonamici Connolly Fletcher Fortenberry Bourdeaux Correa Foster Bowman Costa Foxx Boyle, Brendan Courtney Frankel, Lois Franklin, C. Craig Crawford Brown (MD) Scott Brown (OH) Crenshaw Fulcher Brownley Crist Gaetz Buchanan Crow Gallagher Buck Cuellar Gallego Garamendi Bucshon Curtis Davids (KS) Budd Garbarino Davidson Davis, Danny K. Burchett Garcia (CA) García (IL) Burgess

Davis, Rodney Doyle, Michael Leger Fernandez Letlow Casten Escobar

Levin (CA) Gibbs Gimenez Levin (MI) Gohmert Lieu Golden Lofgren Gomez Long Gonzales, Tony Loudermilk Gonzalez (OH) Lowenthal Gonzalez Lucas Luetkemeyer Vicente Good (VA) Luria Gooden (TX) Lynch Mace Gosar Gottheimer Malinowski Malliotakis Granger Graves (LA) Maloney, Carolyn B Graves (MO) Green (TN) Maloney, Sean Greene (GA) Mann Griffith Manning Massie Grothman Mast Guest Matsui Guthrie McBath Hagedorn McCarthy McCaul Harder (CA) McClain McClintock Harshbarger McCollum Hartzler McEachin Hern McGovern McHenry Herrell Herrera Beutler McKinley Hice (GA) McNerney Higgins (LA) Meeks Higgins (NY) Meijer Hill Meng Himes Meusei Hinson Mfume Miller (IL) Hollingsworth Miller (WV Horsford Houlahan Miller-Meeks Hover Moolenaar Hudson Mooney Huffman Moore (AL) Huizenga Moore (UT) Moore (WI) Jackson Morelle Jackson Lee Moulton Jacobs (CA) Mrvan Jacobs (NY) Mullin Murphy (FL) Jayapal Jeffries Murphy (NC) Johnson (GA) Napolitano Johnson (LA) Neal Johnson (OH) Neguse Johnson (SD) Nehls Johnson (TX) Newhouse Newman Jones Jordan Norcross Joyce (OH) Norman Joyce (PA) Nunes O'Halleran Kahele Kaptur Obernolte Katko Ocasio-Cortez Keating Omar Keller Owens Kelly (IL) Palazzo Kelly (MS Pallone Kelly (PA) Palmer Khanna Panetta Kildee Pappas Kilmer Kim (CA) Payne Kim (NJ) Pence Perlmutter Kinzinger Perry Kirkpatrick Peters Krishnamoorthi Pfluger Kuster Phillips Kustoff Pingree LaHood LaMalfa Porter Lamb Posey Lamborn Pressley Price (NC) Langevin Larsen (WA) Quigley Larson (CT) Raskin Latta Reed LaTurner Reschenthaler Lawrence Lawson (FL) Rice (NY) Rice (SC) Lee (CA) Rodgers (WA) Lee (NV) Rogers (AL)

> NAYS-4 Garcia (TX)

Rogers (KY)

Rose

Waters

Brady Brooks Carter (LA) Espaillat Green, Al (TX)

Lesko Nadler Schrader Tiffany Torres (CA)

NOT VOTING-13 Trone Vela. Yarmuth

□ 1639

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. ESPAILLAT. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 363

Mrs. TORRES of California. Madam Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 363.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CARTER of Louisiana. Madam Speaker, we were meeting with victims of violent crimes. They flew to D.C. to meet with members of Congress. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 362 and 'yea" on rollcall No. 363.

Mr. GREEN of Texas. Madam Speaker, I was meeting with victims of violence from Louisiana and Texas. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 362 and "yea" on rollcall No. 363.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Gonzalez. Pingree (Kuster) Axne (Spanberger) Vicente Rush Babin (Nehls) (Gomez) (Underwood) Bilirakis Gosar (Greene Sires (Pallone) (Fleischmann) (GA)) Steube Khanna Boebert (Van (Franklin C Drew) (Auchineloss) Scott) Bowman (Tlaib) Kirkpatrick Strickland Cárdenas (Stanton) Lawson (FL) (Jeffries) (Gomez) Swalwell Cawthorn (Nehls) (Evans) (Gomez) Long (McHenry) Doggett (Raskin) Waltz (Salazar) Frankel, Lois Meeks (Kelly Wilson (FL) (Clark (MA)) (IL)) Gaetz (Greene (GA)) Meng (Jeffries) (Hayes) Payne (Pallone)

ODELL HORTON FEDERAL BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 390) to redesignate the Federal building located at 167 North Main Street in Memphis, Tennessee as the "Odell Horton Federal Building", on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. Pappas) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 422, nays 2, answered "present" 1, not voting 8, as follows:

> [Roll No. 364] YEAS-422

Allred Adams Auchincloss Aderholt Amodei Aguilar Armstrong Babin Arrington Allen Bacon

Timmons

Titus

Schrader

Schrier

Payne

Pence

November	4, 2021	CO
Baird	Dunn	Kelly (PA)
Balderson	Ellzey	Khanna
Banks Barr	Emmer Escobar	Kildee Kilmer
Bass	Eshoo	Kim (CA)
Beatty Bentz	Espaillat Estes	Kim (NJ) Kind
Bera	Evans	Kinzinger
Bergman	Fallon	Kirkpatrick
Beyer Bice (OK)	Feenstra Ferguson	Krishnamoorthi Kuster
Biggs	Fischbach	Kustoff
Bilirakis Bishop (GA)	Fitzgerald Fitzpatrick	LaHood LaMalfa
Bishop (NC)	Fleischmann	Lamb
Blumenauer Blunt Rochester	Fletcher Fortenberry	Lamborn Langevin
Boebert	Foster	Larsen (WA)
Bonamici Bost	Foxx Frankel, Lois	Larson (CT) Latta
Bourdeaux	Franklin, C.	LaTurner
Bowman	Scott	Lawrence
Boyle, Brendan F.	Fulcher Gaetz	Lawson (FL) Lee (CA)
Brown (MD)	Gallagher	Lee (NV)
Brown (OH) Brownley	Gallego Garamendi	Leger Fernandez Letlow
Buchanan	Garbarino	Levin (CA)
Buck	Garcia (CA)	Levin (MI)
Bucshon Budd	Garcia (IL) Garcia (TX)	Lieu Lofgren
Burchett	Gibbs	Long
Burgess Bush	Gimenez Gohmert	Loudermilk Lowenthal
Bustos	Golden	Lucas
Butterfield	Gomez	Luetkemeyer
Calvert Cammack	Gonzales, Tony Gonzalez (OH)	Luria Lynch
Carbajal	Gonzalez,	Mace
Cardenas Carey	Vicente Good (VA)	Malinowski Malliotakis
Carl	Gooden (TX)	Maloney,
Carson	Gosar Gottheimer	Carolyn B.
Carter (GA) Carter (LA)	Granger	Maloney, Sean Mann
Carter (TX)	Graves (LA)	Manning
Cartwright Case	Graves (MO) Green (TN)	Mast Matsui
Casten	Green, Al (TX)	McBath
Castor (FL)	Greene (GA) Griffith	McCarthy McCaul
Castro (TX) Cawthorn	Grijalva	McClain
Chabot	Grothman	McClintock
Cheney Chu	Guest Guthrie	McCollum McEachin
Cicilline	Hagedorn	McGovern
Clark (MA) Clarke (NY)	Harder (CA) Harris	McHenry McKinley
Cleaver	Harshbarger	McNerney
Cline Cloud	Hartzler Hayes	Meeks Meijer
Clyburn	Hern	Meng
Clyde	Herrell	Meuser
Cohen Cole	Herrera Beutler Hice (GA)	Mfume Miller (IL)
Comer	Higgins (NY)	Miller (WV)
Connolly Cooper	Hill Himes	Miller-Meeks Moolenaar
Correa	Hinson	Mooney
Costa Courtney	Hollingsworth Horsford	Moore (AL) Moore (UT)
Craig	Houlahan	Moore (WI)
Crawford	Hoyer	Morelle
Crenshaw Crist	Hudson Huffman	Moulton Mrvan
Crow	Huizenga	Mullin
Cuellar Curtis	Issa Jackson	Murphy (FL) Murphy (NC)
Davids (KS)	Jackson Lee	Nadler
Davidson Davis, Danny K.	Jacobs (CA) Jacobs (NY)	Napolitano Neal
Davis, Rodney	Jayapal	Neguse
Dean DeFazio	Jeffries	Nehls Newhouse
DeGette	Johnson (GA) Johnson (LA)	Newman
DeLauro	Johnson (OH)	Norcross
DelBene Delgado	Johnson (SD) Johnson (TX)	Norman Nunes
Demings	Jones	O'Halleran
DeSaulnier DesJarlais	Jordan Joyce (OH)	Obernolte Ocasio-Cortez
Deutch	Joyce (PA)	Omar
Diaz-Balart Dingell	Kahele Kaptur	Owens Palazzo
Doggett	Katko	Pallone
Donalds Doyle, Michael	Keating Keller	Palmer Panetta
F.	Kelly (IL)	Pappas
Duncan	Kelly (MS)	Pascrell

Perlmutter Schweikert Tlaib Perry Peters Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Tonko Torres (CA) Pfluger Scott, David Torres (NY) Phillips Sessions Trahan Sewell Pingree Trone Pocan Sherman Underwood Porter Sherrill. Upton Simpson Posey Valadao Sires Presslev Van Drew Price (NC) Slotkin Van Duyne Smith (MO) Quigley Vargas Raskin Smith (NE) Veasey Reed Smith (NJ) Velázguez Reschenthaler Smith (WA) Wagner Rice (NY) Smucker Walberg Rice (SC) Soto Walorski Rodgers (WA) Spanberger Waltz Rogers (AL) Spartz Wasserman Rogers (KY) Speier Schultz Stansbury Waters Rosendale Stanton Watson Coleman Ross Stauber Weber (TX) Rouzer Steel Webster (FL) Stefanik Rovbal-Allard Welch Steil Ruiz Wenstrup Ruppersberger Steube Westerman Rush Stevens Wexton Rutherford Stewart Wild Ryan Strickland Williams (GA) Salazar Suozzi Swalwell Williams (TX) Sánchez Wilson (FL) Sarbanes Takano Wilson (SC) Scalise Taylor Wittman Scanlon Tenney Thompson (CA) Schakowsky Womack Schiff Thompson (MS) Young Schneider Thompson (PA) Zeldin NAYS-2 Higgins (LA) Massie

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Roy

NOT VOTING-8

Barragán Lesko Vela Brady Tiffany Yarmuth Brooks Turner

\Box 1704

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE

RESOLU	JTION 8, 117TH CO	NGRESS
Axne (Spanberger) Babin (Nehls) Bilirakis (Fleischmann) Boebert (Van Drew) Bowman (Tlaib) Cárdenas (Gomez) Cawthorn (Nehls) Doggett (Raskin) Frankel, Lois (Clark (MA)) Gaetz (Greene (GA))	Gonzalez, Vicente (Gomez) Gosar (Greene (GA)) Khanna (Auchincloss) Kirkpatrick (Stanton) Lawson (FL) (Evans) Long (McHenry) Meeks (Kelly (IL)) Meng (Jeffries) Payne (Pallone)	Pingree (Kuster Rush (Underwood) Sires (Pallone) Steube (Franklin, C. Scott) Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Waltz (Salazar) Wilson (FL) (Hayes)

NORMAN YOSHIO MINETA FEDERAL BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4679) to designate the Federal building located at 1200 New Jersey Avenue Southeast in Washington, DC, as the "Norman Yoshio Mineta Federal Building", on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

Crenshaw

Crist

Herrell

Herrera Beutler

Mast

Matsui

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. DEFA-ZIO) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 409, nays 14, answered "present" 1, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 365]

YEAS-409 Adams Hice (GA) Crow Cuellar Higgins (NY) Aderholt Aguilar Curtis Allen Davids (KS) Himes Allred Davidson Hinson Davis, Danny K. Hollingsworth Amodei Armstrong Davis, Rodney Horsford Houlahan Arrington Dean Auchincloss DeFazio Hoyer Axne Babin DeGette Hudson DeLauro Huffman Huizenga Bacon DelBene Baird Delgado Issa Jackson Balderson Demings Banks DeSaulnier Jackson Lee Barr Beatty Jacobs (CA) Jacobs (NY) Des Jarlais Deutch Bentz Diaz-Balart Jayapal Bera Bergman Dingell Jeffries Johnson (GA) Doggett Beyer Bice (OK) Donalds Johnson (LA) Doyle, Michael Johnson (OH) Bilirakis Johnson (SD) Bishop (GA) Duncan Johnson (TX) Bishop (NC) Dunn Jones Blumenauer Ellzey Jordan Blunt Rochester Emmer Joyce (OH) Bonamici Escobar Joyce (PA) Kahele Bost Eshoo Bourdeaux Espaillat Kaptur Bowman Estes Katko Boyle, Brendan Keating Evans F Fallon Keller Brown (MD) Feenstra Kelly (IL) Brown (OH) Ferguson Kelly (MS) Brownley Fischbach Kelly (PA) Buchanan Fitzgerald Khanna Fitzpatrick Kildee Bucshon Fleischmann Kilmer Fletcher Kim (CA) Burchett Fortenberry Kim (NJ) Bush Foster Kind Kinzinger Bustos Foxx Butterfield Frankel, Lois Kirkpatrick Calvert Franklin C Krishnamoorthi Cammack Scott Kuster Carbajal Fulcher Kustoff Cárdenas Gallagher LaHood Carey Gallego LaMalfa Carl Garamendi Lamb Carson Garbarino Lamborn Carter (GA) Garcia (CA) Langevin Carter (LA) García (IL) Larsen (WA) Carter (TX) Garcia (TX) Larson (CT) Cartwright Gibbs Latta Case Gimenez LaTurner Lawrence Casten Gohmert Lawson (FL) Castor (FL) Golden Castro (TX) Gomez Lee (CA) Gonzales, Tony Lee (NV) Cawthorn Gonzalez (OH) Leger Fernandez Chabot Cheney Gonzalez. Letlow Chu Vicente Levin (CA) Good (VA) Cicilline Levin (MI) Clark (MA) Gooden (TX) Lieu Clarke (NY) Gottheimer Lofgren Cleaver Granger Graves (LA) Long Loudermilk Cline Cloud Graves (MO) Lowenthal Clyburn Green (TN) Lucas Green, A1 (TX) Luetkemever Clyde Cohen Grijalva Luria Cole Grothman Lynch Comer Guest Mace Guthrie Malinowski Connolly Hagedorn Harder (CA) Cooper Malliotakis Correa Maloney, Costa Harshbarger Carolyn B. Courtney Hartzler Maloney, Sean Hayes Craig Mann Crawford Hern Manning

McBath Pingree Stee1 McCarthy Pocan Stefanik McCaul Porter Steil McClain Presslev Steube Price (NC) McClintock Stevens McCollum Quigley Stewart McEachin Raskin Strickland McGovern Reed Suozzi McHenry Reschenthaler Swalwell Rice (NY) McKinley Takano Rice (SC) McNerney Taylor Meeks Rodgers (WA) Tenney Meijer Rogers (AL) Thompson (CA) Rogers (KY) Meng Thompson (MS) Meuser Rose Thompson (PA) Mfume Ross Timmons Miller (IL) Rouzer Titus Miller (WV) Roybal-Allard Tlaib Miller-Meeks Ruiz Tonko Moolenaar Ruppersberger Torres (CA) Mooney Moore (AL) Rush Rutherford Torres (NY) Moore (UT) Trahan Ryan Moore (WI) Salazar Trone Underwood Morelle Sánchez Moulton Sarbanes Upton Mrvan Scalise Valadao Mullin Scanlon Van Drew Murphy (FL) Schakowsky Van Duyne Murphy (NC) Schiff Vargas Schneider Nadler Veasey Napolitano Schrader Velázquez Neal Schrier Wagner Schweikert Neguse Walberg Nehls Scott (VA) Walorski Scott, Austin Newhouse Waltz Scott, David Newman Wasserman Norcross Sessions Schultz Sewell Nunes Waters O'Halleran Sherman Watson Coleman Obernolte Sherrill. Weber (TX) Ocasio-Cortez Simpson Webster (FL) Omar Sires Welch Slotkin Owens Smith (MO) Wenstrup Palazzo Westerman Smith (NE) Pallone Wexton Palmer Smith (NJ) Wild Panetta Smith (WA) Williams (GA) Pappas Smucker Williams (TX) Pascrell Soto Spanberger Wilson (FL) Payne Wilson (SC) Pence Spartz Perlmutter Wittman Speier Peters Stansbury Womack

NAYS-14

Young

Zeldin

 Biggs
 Greene (GA)
 Norman

 Boebert
 Griffith
 Perry

 Budd
 Harris
 Posey

 Gaetz
 Higgins (LA)
 Rosendale

 Gosar
 Massie

Stanton

Stauber

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Roy

Pfluger

Phillips

NOT VOTING—9

Barragán Brooks Turner Bass Lesko Vela Brady Tiffany Yarmuth

□ 1729

Mr. POSEY changed his vote from "yea" to "nay."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Axne	Doggett (Raskin)	Khanna
(Spanberger)	Frankel, Lois	(Auchincloss)
Babin (Nehls)	(Clark (MA))	Kirkpatrick
Bilirakis	Gaetz (Greene	(Stanton)
(Fleischmann)	(GA))	Lawson (FL)
Boebert (Van	Gonzalez.	(Evans)
Drew)	Vicente	Long (McHenry)
Bowman (Tlaib)	(Gomez)	Meeks (Kelly
Cárdenas	Gosar (Greene	(IL))
(Gomez)	(GA))	Meng (Jeffries)
Cawthorn (Nehls)	(GA))	Payne (Pallone)

Pingree (Kuster) Rush (Underwood) Sires (Pallone)

Steube (Franklin, C. Scott) Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Waltz (Salazar) Wilson (FL) (Hayes)

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. SCALISE), the minority whip.

Mr. SCALISE. Mr. Speaker, I yield back to the majority leader to inquire as to the calendar for the remainder of this week—the bills that we just finished voting on, go through the rest of the bills that were on the schedule. Since there is no schedule that we see before us, if the majority leader could tell us what to expect next after this last vote.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for this opportunity to inform the Members of where we are. So many of us have been through this process before, and I know that every Member wants to have as much certainty about the schedule as possible. But, also, every Member understands that when we are at a period of time when we are trying to leave for a week and we have important legislation to do, that these events sometimes drag out.

So the schedule is this: After the next vote we are going to break for dinner. Members will be on notice that they will receive a 1-hour notice if we are going to return. As the House knows, we are scheduled to meet tomorrow as well, which we intend to do. So it is not unusual that we would go long before the last day, assuming that is the last day.

I want everybody to get the ramifications of assuming that tomorrow is the last day. We want to get two major pieces of legislation done. They are controversial pieces of legislation, we know, but we want to get those done. We are working on that. The other side has gone through that experience themselves.

Members should be on notice that we have an intention to break after this next vote for dinner, subject to an hour's notice to be back here, with the expectation that there may well be votes this evening. We are hopeful that those votes would be sooner rather than later in terms of going late into the night.

We will meet tomorrow at 9 o'clock and hope to complete the remainder of the business that was noted as possible for this week.

Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. SCALISE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding. As we anticipate possible votes tonight, possible votes tomorrow, the two major pieces of legislation that are still out there, and specifically the bill that went before the Rules Committee yesterday, roughly 2,500 pages.

One of the things we talked about is, if that bill were to come to the floor, currently there is no Congressional Budget Office or Joint Committee on Taxation score on those bills, would there be a score on those bills prior to them coming to the floor for a vote?

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for the question, and then we will conclude. We hope to have not only a JCT score but also CBO scores. As the gentleman knows, the overwhelming majority of the bill has been pending for some time. Obviously, the CBO has been reviewing the individual items for some time. We expect to have very close to most of the bill.

It does not need a CBO score. It does need a CBO score, however, when it goes to the Senate, as the gentleman knows. That would be our intention, to have as much information available to Members as we have in hand. We do intend to move forward with the bill.

Mr. SCALISE. The JCT is obviously important, and I appreciate that the gentleman said there would be a JCT score, but on the CBO score, there have been some significant changes made in the Rules Committee since those CBO conversations.

Would that be revised to include the new version of the bill?

Mr. HOYER. We are working on that. We hope the CBO can accommodate that objective.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

FREDERICK P. STAMP, JR. FEDERAL BUILDING AND UNITED STATES COURTHOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. Brown of Maryland). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4660) to designate the Federal Building and United States Courthouse located at 1125 Chapline Street in Wheeling, West Virginia, as the "Frederick P. Stamp, Jr. Federal Building and United States Courthouse", on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. DEFAZIO) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 416, nays 4, answered "present" 1, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 366] YEAS—416

Adams	Baird	Bishop (GA)
Aderholt	Balderson	Bishop (NC)
Aguilar	Banks	Blumenauer
Allen	Barr	Blunt Rocheste
Allred	Bass	Boebert
Amodei	Beatty	Bonamici
Armstrong	Bentz	Bost
Arrington	Bera	Bourdeaux
Auchincloss	Bergman	Bowman
Axne	Beyer	Boyle, Brendan
Babin	Bice (OK)	F.
Bacon	Bilirakis	Brown (MD)

November -	4, 2021	CO
Brown (OH)	Fischbach	Keating
Brownley	Fitzgerald	Keller
Buchanan	Fitzpatrick	Kelly (IL)
Bucshon	Fleischmann	Kelly (MS)
Budd	Fletcher	Kelly (PA)
Burchett Burgess	Fortenberry Foster	Khanna Kildee
Bush	Foxx	Kilmer
Bustos	Frankel, Lois	Kim (CA)
Butterfield	Franklin, C.	Kim (NJ)
Calvert	Scott	Kind
Cammack	Fulcher	Kinzinger
Carbajal	Gaetz	Kirkpatrick
Cárdenas Carey	Gallagher Gallego	Krishnamoorthi Kuster
Carl	Garamendi	Kustoff
Carson	Garbarino	LaHood
Carter (GA)	Garcia (CA)	LaMalfa
Carter (LA)	García (IL)	Lamb
Carter (TX)	Garcia (TX)	Lamborn
Cartwright Case	Gibbs Gimenez	Langevin Larsen (WA)
Casten	Gohmert	Larson (CT)
Castor (FL)	Golden	Latta
Castro (TX)	Gomez	LaTurner
Cawthorn	Gonzales, Tony	Lawrence
Chabot	Gonzalez (OH)	Lawson (FL)
Cheney Chu	Gonzalez, Vicente	Lee (CA) Leger Fernandez
Cicilline	Good (VA)	Letlow
Clark (MA)	Gooden (TX)	Levin (CA)
Clarke (NY)	Gosar	Levin (MI)
Cleaver	Gottheimer	Lieu
Cline	Graves (LA)	Lofgren
Cloud Clyburn	Graves (MO) Green (TN)	Long Loudermilk
Clyde	Green, Al (TX)	Lowenthal
Cohen	Greene (GA)	Lucas
Cole	Griffith	Luetkemeyer
Comer	Grijalva	Lynch
Connolly	Grothman	Mace
Cooper Correa	Guest Guthrie	Malinowski Malliotakis
Costa	Hagedorn	Maloney,
Courtney	Harder (CA)	Carolyn B.
Craig	Harris	Maloney, Sean
Crawford	Harshbarger	Mann
Crist Crow	Hartzler Hayes	Manning Mast
Cuellar	Hern	Matsui
Curtis	Herrell	McBath
Davids (KS)	Herrera Beutler	McCarthy
Davidson	Hice (GA)	McCaul
Davis, Danny K.	Higgins (NY)	McClain
Davis, Rodney Dean	Hill Himes	McClintock McCollum
DeFazio	Hinson	McEachin
DeGette	Hollingsworth	McGovern
DeLauro	Horsford	McHenry
DelBene	Houlahan	McKinley
Delgado Demings	Hoyer Hudson	McNerney Meeks
DeSaulnier	Huffman	Meijer
DesJarlais	Huizenga	Meng
Deutch	Issa	Meuser
Diaz-Balart	Jackson	Mfume
Dingell	Jackson Lee	Miller (IL)
Doggett Donalds	Jacobs (CA) Jacobs (NY)	Miller (WV) Miller-Meeks
Doyle, Michael	Jayapal	Moolenaar
F.	Jeffries	Mooney
Duncan	Johnson (GA)	Moore (AL)
Dunn	Johnson (LA)	Moore (UT)
Ellzey Emmer	Johnson (OH) Johnson (SD)	Moore (WI) Morelle
Escobar	Johnson (SD) Johnson (TX)	Moulton
Eshoo	Jones	Mrvan
Espaillat	Jordan	Mullin
Estes	Joyce (OH)	Murphy (FL)
Evans	Joyce (PA)	Murphy (NC)
Fallon	Kahele	Nadler

Napolitano

Feenstra

Ferguson

Kaptur

Katko

Neguse	Rush	Taylor
Nehls	Rutherford	Tenney
Newhouse	Ryan	Thompson (CA)
Newman	Salazar	Thompson (MS)
Norcross	Sánchez	Thompson (PA)
Nunes	Sarbanes	Timmons
O'Halleran	Scalise	Titus
Obernolte	Scanlon	Tlaib
Ocasio-Cortez	Schakowsky	Tonko
Omar	Schiff	Torres (CA)
Owens	Schneider	Torres (NY)
Palazzo	Schrader	Trahan
Pallone	Schrier	Trone
Palmer	Schweikert	Turner
Panetta	Scott (VA)	Underwood
Pappas	Scott, Austin	Upton
Pascrell	Scott, David	Valadao
Payne	Sessions	
Pence	Sewell	Van Drew
Perlmutter	Sherman	Van Duyne
Perry	Sherrill	Vargas
Peters	Simpson	Veasey
Pfluger	Sires	Velázquez
Phillips	Slotkin	Wagner
Pingree	Smith (MO)	Walberg
Pocan	Smith (NE)	Walorski
Porter	Smith (NJ)	Waltz
Posey	Smith (WA)	Wasserman
Pressley	Smucker	Schultz
Price (NC)	Soto	Waters
Quigley	Spanberger	Watson Coleman
Raskin	Spartz	Weber (TX)
Reed	Speier	Webster (FL)
Reschenthaler	Stansbury	Welch
Rice (NY)	Stanton	Wenstrup
Rice (SC)	Stauber	Westerman
Rodgers (WA)	Steel	Wexton
Rogers (AL)	Stefanik	Wild
Rogers (KY)	Steil	Williams (GA)
Rose	Steube	Williams (TX)
Rosendale	Stevens	Wilson (FL)
Ross	Stewart	Wilson (SC)
Rouzer	Strickland	Wittman
Rouzer Roybal-Allard	Suozzi	Womack
Ruiz	Swalwell	Young
Ruppersberger	Takano	Zeldin
	NAYS—4	
Biggs	Massie	

Biggs Massie Higgins (LA) Norman

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—1

Roy

NOT VOTING-12

Crenshaw Granger	Luria Tiffany
Lee (NV)	Vela
Lesko	Yarmuth
	Granger Lee (NV)

□ 1755

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Axne	Cawthorn (Nehls)	Gosar (Greene
(Spanberger)	Doggett (Raskin)	(GA))
Babin (Nehls)	Frankel, Lois	Khanna
Bilirakis	(Clark (MA))	(Auchincloss)
(Fleischmann)	Gaetz (Greene	Kirkpatrick
Boebert (Van	(GA))	(Stanton)
Drew)	Gonzalez,	Lawson (FL)
Bowman (Tlaib)	Vicente	(Evans)
Cárdenas	(Gomez)	Long (McHenry)
(Gomez)		

Meeks (Kelly
(IL))
Meng (Jeffries)
Moulton (Kahele)
Payne (Pallone)
Pingree (Kuster)

Rush
(Underwood)
Sires (Pallone)
Steube
(Franklin, C.
Scott)

Strickland (Jeffries) Swalwell (Gomez) Waltz (Salazar) Wilson (FL) (Hayes)

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 58 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 2205

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. Perlmutter) at 10 o'clock and 5 minutes p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 11(b) of House Resolution 188, the House stands adjourned until 8 a.m. tomorrow.

Thereupon (at 10 o'clock and 5 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Friday, November 5, 2021, at 8 a.m.

OATH OF OFFICE MEMBERS, RESI-DENT COMMISSIONER, AND DEL-EGATES

The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates of the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

"I, AB, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God."

has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Member of the 117th Congress, pursuant to the provisions of 2 U.S.C. 25:

SHONTEL M. BROWN, Eleventh District of Ohio.

MIKE CAREY, Fifteenth District of Ohio.

EXPENDITURE REPORTS CONCERNING OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL

Reports concerning the foreign currencies and U.S. dollars utilized for Official Foreign Travel during the third quarter of 2021, pursuant to Public Law 95–384, are as follows:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, DELEGATION TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, EXPENDED BETWEEN SEPT. 14 AND SEPT. 20, 2021

Name of Member or employee	Date			Per diem 1		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²						
Hon. Nancy Pelosi	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		2,257.61		1.056.05				3,313.66
Hon. William Walkers	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		1,428.80		1,057.15				2,485.95
Dr. Brian Monahan	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		1,843.20		1,056.05				2,899.25
Wyndee Parker	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		2,257.61		1,891.25				4,148.86
Terri McCullough	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		2,257.61		1,891.25				4,148.86
Drew Hammill	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		2,257.61		1,891.25				4,148.86
Emily Berret	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		1,843.20		1,056.05				2,899.25
Kate Knudson	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		1,843.20		1,056.05				2,899.25
Kelsey Smith	9/12	9/20	United Kingdom		3,486.43		1,891.25				5,377.68
James Marrow	9/15	9/20	United Kingdom		2,257.61		1,391.25				3,648.86
Committee total											35,970.48

HON. NANCY PELOSI, Oct. 19, 2021.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JULY 1 AND SEPT. 30, 2021

	[Date		Per	diem ¹	Transp	ortation	Other (ourposes	Tot	tal
Name of Member or employee	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²						

HOUSE COMMITTEES

Please Note: If there were no expenditures during the calendar quarter noted above, please check the box at right to so indicate and return. 🖂

HON. DAVID SCOTT, Oct. 20, 2021.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JULY 1 AND SEPT. 30, 2021

	Date			Per diem 1		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
Name of Member or employee	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²						
Hon. Brenda L. Lawrence	8/18	8/18	Italy		429.00						429.00
	8/19	8/20	Namibia		253.00						253.00
	8/20	8/22	Angola		810.00						810.00
	8/22	8/23	Azores		190.00						190.00
Hon. Adriano Espaillat	9/14	9/17	Dominican Republic		900.00		1,443.35				2,343.35
Hon. Steven Palazzo	8/10	8/10	Germany		92.86		8,587.45				8,680.31
	8/10	8/12	Poland		470.83						470.83
	8/12	8/13	Lithuania		328.87						328.87
	8/13	8/15	Romania		562.68						562.68
	8/15	8/17	Ukraine		682.60						682.60
	8/17	8/18	Germany		344.81						344.81
Committee total					5,064.65		10,030.80				15,095.45

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.

HON. ROSA L. DeLAURO, Oct. 28, 2021.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JULY 1 AND SEPT. 30,

	Date			Per o	liem ¹	Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
Name of Member or employee	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²						

HOUSE COMMITTEES

Please Note: If there were no expenditures during the calendar quarter noted above, please check the box at right to so indicate and return. 🖂

HON. FRANK PALLONE, Jr., Oct. 20, 2021.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL, COMMITTEE ON ETHICS, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, EXPENDED BETWEEN JULY 1 AND SEPT. 30, 2021

	Date			Per o	liem ¹	Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
Name of Member or employee	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²						

HOUSE COMMITTEES

Please Note: If there were no expenditures during the calendar quarter noted above, please check the box at right to so indicate and return.

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.

² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.

² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\text{Per}$ diem constitutes lodging and meals.

² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

REPORT OF EXPENDITURES FOR OFFICIAL FOREIGN TRAVEL. SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE CLIMATE CRISIS. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. EXPENDED BETWEEN JULY 1 AND SEPT. 30.

	Date			Per diem ¹		Transportation		Other purposes		Total	
Name of Member or employee	Arrival	Departure	Country	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency ²

HOUSE COMMITTEES

Please Note: If there were no expenditures during the calendar quarter noted above, please check the box at right to so indicate and return.

HON, KATHY CASTOR, Oct. 19, 2021.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS. ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-2580 A letter from the Alternate OSD FLRO, Office of the Secretary, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's final rule - Defense Logistics Agency Privacy Program [Docket ID: DOD-2019-OS-0110] (RIN: 0790-AK69) received October 28, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Com-

mittee on Armed Services. EC-2581. A letter from the Director, Office of Legislative Affairs, Legal, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule — Real Estate Lending Standards (RIN: 3064-AF72) received No-2, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Financial

Services. EC-2582. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule -Zone; Anacostia River, Washington, DC [Docket Number USCG-2021-0710] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251: (110 Stat. 868): to the Committee on

Transportation and Infrastructure. EC-2583. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule - Safety Zone; San temporary final rule — Safety Zone; San Diego Bay, San Diego, CA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0769] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2584. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule — Special Local Regulation; Oceanside Harbor, Oceanside, CA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0749] (RIN: 1625-AA08) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on

Transportation and Infrastructure. EC-2585. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Drawbridge Operation Regulation: New River, Fort Lauderdale, FL [Docket No.: USCG-2019-0955] (RIN: 1625-AA09) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2586. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Safety Zones; Recurring Marine Events and Fireworks Displays within the Fifth Coast Guard District [Docket Number: USCG-2020-0138] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2587. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule — Special Local Regulation; Sacramento Ironman Triathlon; American River and Sacramento River, Sacramento, CA [Docket No.: USCG-2021-0697] (RIN: 1625-AA08) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2588. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule - Safety Zone; Hydroplane and Raceboat Museum Test Area, Lake Washington, WA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0798] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. EC-2589. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-

LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Drawbridge Operation Regulation; Milwaukee, Menomonee, and Kinnickinnic Rivers and Burnham Canals, Milwaukee, WI [Docket No.: USCG-2019-0824] (RIN: 1625-AA09) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2590. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule - Safety Zone: Explosives arc at Military Ocean Terminal Concord, Suisun Bay, Concord, CA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0732] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2591. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule - Safety Zone; Lake Eire, Lorain, Ohio [Docket Number USCG-2021-0668] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868): to the Committee on Transpor-

tation and Infrastructure. EC-2592. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule Zones; Hampton Roads Bridge-Tunnel Expansion Project, Hampton/Norfolk, VA [Docket Number USCG-2020-0117] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2593. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule - Safety Zone; Potomac River, Between Charles County, MD and King George County, VA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0745] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2594. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Safety Zone; Potomac River, Prince William County, VA [Docket Number USCG-2021-0497] (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2595. A letter from the Legal Yeoman, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's final rule — Drawbridge Operation Regulation; Rainy River, Rainy Lake and their Tributaries, Rainier, MN [Docket No.: USCG-2020-0033] (RIN: 1625-AA09) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2596. A letter from the Legal Technician, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule Safety Zone; Oaks Park Halloween Fireworks Display, Willamette River, Portland, OR [Docket Number USCG-2021-0789) (RIN: 1625-AA00) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121. Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-2597. A letter from the Legal Tech, CG-LRA, U.S. Coast Guard, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's temporary final rule — Special Local Regulations; Perrysburg Regatta, Maumee River, Toledo, OH [Docket No.: USCG-2021-0761] (RIN: 1625-AA08) received November 1, 2021, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

TIME LIMITATION OF REFERRED BILL

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XII, the following action was taken by the Speaker:

H.R. 3076. Referral to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means extended for a period ending not later than November 18, 2021

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII. public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. RASKIN (for himself, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. Mfume,

¹ Per diem constitutes lodging and meals.
² If foreign currency is used, enter U.S. dollar equivalent; if U.S. currency is used, enter amount expended.

Ms. Ocasio-Cortez, Ms. Scanlon, Mrs. Watson Coleman, Ms. Bass, Mr. Jones, and Mr. Auchincloss):

H.R. 5853. A bill to require non-Federal prison, correctional, and detention facilities holding Federal prisoners or detainees under a contract with the Federal Government to make the same information available to the public that Federal prisons and correctional facilities are required to make available; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McCLINTOCK (for himself, Mr. JORDAN, Mr. McCarthy, Mr. Scalise, Ms. Stefanik, Mr.Mast. ROUZER, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. BILI-RAKIS, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Mr. CAWTHORN, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. Johnson of Louisiana, Ms. HERRELL, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. Perry, Mr. Bost, Mr. Rogers of Alabama, Mr. LATTA, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. Rosendale, Mr. Issa, Mr. CHABOT, Mrs. SPARTZ, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. Weber of Texas. Mr. Moore of Alabama, Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana, Mr. Dunn. Mr. Buchanan. Mrs. Bice of Oklahoma, Mr. CARTER of Texas. Mr. Murphy of North Carolina, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mrs Boebert, Mrs. Harshbarger, Mrs. Rodgers of Washington, Mrs. Wag-NER, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. HIG-GINS of Louisiana, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. McCaul, Mrs. Miller-Meeks, Mr. Biggs, Mr. BARR, Ms. LETLOW, Mr. SESSIONS, Mrs. Walorski, Mr. Cloud, Mr. Lam-BORN, Mr. GIBBS, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. UPTON, Palazzo, Mr. Massie, MEUSER, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. Pfluger, Mr. Emmer, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. Cole, Mr. Wittman, Mr. BABIN, Mr. FITZGERALD, Mr. CALVERT, WILLIAMS of Texas. CRAWFORD, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. BURCHETT, Mr. ZELDIN, Mr. BRADY, ROY, Mr. MCHENRY, Walberg, Mr. MULLIN. Mr. HAGEDORN, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Brooks, Mr. Fleischmann, Mr. Pence, Mr. Austin Amodei. SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. BAIRD, MOOLENAAR, Mr. GARCIA of Mr. California, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Mr. REED, Mr. Guest, Mr. Budd, Mr. Balderson, Mr. Womack, Mrs. Lesko, Mr. Owens, Mr. Mann, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Tenney, Mr. Schweikert, Mr. Wilson of South Carolina, Mrs. Steel, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. HERN, Mr. GALLA-GHER, Mr. POSEY, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. Mr.LATURNER, GUTHRIE, Valadao, Ms. Foxx, Mr. Wenstrup, Mr. Lahood, Mr. Timmons, Mr. NUNES, Mr. RUTHERFORD, Mr. YOUNG, Ms. Van Duyne, Ms. Granger, Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. Katko, Mr. Newhouse, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Luetkemeyer, Mr. DAVIDSON, Mr. ARRINGTON, MEIJER, Mr. COMER, Mr. FORTEN-BERRY, Mrs. FISCHBACH, Mr. HILL, Mr. FALLON, Mr. FERGUSON, Mr. JACOBS of New York, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. MOORE of Utah, and Mr. STEWART):

H.R. 5854. A bill to amend title 28, United States Code, to prohibit payments of compromise settlements arising out of certain violations of the immigration laws, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ARMSTRONG:

H.R. 5855. A bill to authorize the relinquishment and in lieu selection of land and minerals in the State of North Dakota, to restore land and minerals to Indian Tribes within the State of North Dakota, to conserve the Little Missouri National Grasslands, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 5856. A bill to amend parts B and E of title IV of the Social Security Act to expand nondiscrimination protections for children and families and offer greater flexibility to States before petitioning to terminate parental rights, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BERA (for himself and Mr. YOUNG):

H.R. 5857. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to enhance the national strategy for combating and eliminating tuberculosis, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BUCHANAN (for himself and Ms. Speier):

H.R. 5858. A bill to make transitional compensation available to dependents of members of the Armed Forces convicted of dependent abuse in Federal or State court and dependents of members accused of dependent abuse who have forfeited all pay and allowances for an unrelated offense; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. BUCK (for himself and Mr. KHANNA):

H.R. 5859. A bill to amend the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938 to require registration statements filed under such Act to be filed in a structured data format which enables the statements to be digitized for purposes of the publicly available electronic database maintained under such Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BURCHETT (for himself, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. MAST, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Mr. DUNCAN, Mrs. HINSON, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. GUEST, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. NORMAN, and Mr. CLINE):

H.R. 5860. A bill to exempt essential workers from Federal COVID-19 vaccine mandates; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. EVANS (for himself and Mr. FITZGERALD):

H.R. 5861. A bill to streamline the process for granting certain waivers for requirements on contracts awarded under section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 5862. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to codify and expand the authority for joint task forces of the Department of Defense to support law enforcement agencies conducting counter-terrorism, counter-illicit trafficking, or counter-transnational organized crime activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 5863. A bill to strengthen enforcement actions against unlawfully sourced palm oil

and deforestation in developing countries, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Foreign Affairs, Financial Services, and Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GOODEN of Texas (for himself, Mr. ROY, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. DUNCAN, Mrs. BOEBERT, and Mr. CLOUD):

H.R. 5864. A bill to prohibit the withholding of Federal education funds on the basis of vaccination requirements, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

> By Mr. GREEN of Texas (for himself, Mr. Doggett, Ms. Jackson Lee, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. TAYLOR, Mr. VEASEY, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. Williams of Texas, Mr. CRENSHAW, Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. VAN DUYNE, Mr. VELA, Ms. JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. Carter of Texas, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. BABIN, Mr. ALLRED, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. Burgess, Mr. Pfluger, Mr. Castro of Texas. Mr. Roy. Ms. GRANGER, Mr. JACKSON, Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. TONY GONZALES OF Texas, Mr. Brady, Mr. McCaul, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. GOHMERT, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. CLOUD, Mr. ELLZEY, and Mr. Fallon):

H.R. 5865. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 4110 Bluebonnet Drive in Stafford, Texas, as the "Leonard Scarcella Post Office Building"; to the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

By Mr. GRIJALVA (for himself, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Levin of Michigan, Mr. Raskin, Mr. DeFazio, Mr. Danny K. Davis of Illinois, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. Higgins of New York, Ms. Norton, Mr. San Nicolas, and Ms. Bonamici):

H.R. 5866. A bill to restore protections for Social Security, Railroad retirement, and Black Lung benefits from administrative offset; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. HARTZLER (for herself and Mr. LAMBORN):

H.R. 5867. A bill to repeal the Military Selective Service Act; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mrs. HARTZLER (for herself, Mr. LAMBORN, and Mr. DESJARLAIS):

H.R. 5868. A bill to repeal the Military Selective Service Act and reestablish the Office of Selective Service Records, and to prescribe the procedure for the reenactment of such Act or reestablishment of the Selective Service System; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. KATKO (for himself and Mr.

DELGADO): H.R. 5869. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for the establishment of a mesothelioma patient registry, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KHANNA (for himself and Mr. WALTZ):

H.R. 5870. A bill to establish a joint United States-Taiwan Infectious Disease Monitoring

Center to serve as an early warning center in the case of an of infectious disease outbreak in the Indo-Pacific region; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. LURIA (for herself and Mr. WOMACK):

H.R. 5871. A bill to prohibit the use of funds made available under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 to purchase, rent, lease, or otherwise obtain communications equipment or services that pose a national security risk; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York (for himself, Mr. PHILLIPS, and Ms. MENG):

H.R. 5872. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to treat as misbranded cosmetics with packaging or labeling using the term "natural" unless the cosmetic meets certain standards, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. MANNING:

H.R. 5873. A bill to amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to improve part-time coverage for part-time workers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MASSIE (for himself, Mr. GOH-MERT, Mr. GOSAR, and Mr. MCCLIN-TOCK):

H.R. 5874. A bill to promote the leadership of the United States in global innovation by establishing a robust patent system that restores and protects the right of inventors to own and enforce private property rights in inventions and discoveries, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. McKINLEY (for himself and Mr. O'HALLERAN):

H.R. 5875. A bill to amend title VII of the Public Health Service Act to increase retention of the rural health care workforce, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. McKINLEY (for himself, Mr. Graves of Louisiana, Mr. Burgess, and Mr. Crenshaw):

H.R. 5876. A bill to prohibit the implementation of climate finance plans, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MRVAN:

H.R. 5877. A bill to require the Secretary of Labor to review certain provisions of the Code of Federal Regulations related to fiduciary standards under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. NEGUSE (for himself, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mrs. McBath, Mr. Correa, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. LIEU, and Mr. CROW):

H.R. 5878. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the sale or other disposition of any firearm or ammunition to any person who has been convicted of a violent misdemeanor, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. NEWMAN (for herself and Ms. SALAZAR):

H.R. 5879. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to clarify the application of the price evaluation preference for qualified

HUBZone small business concerns to certain contracts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. O'HALLERAN:

H.R. 5880. A bill to amend the White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2010 to modify the enforceability date for certain provisions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. PHILLIPS (for himself and Ms. VAN DUYNE):

H.R. 5881. A bill to require the Secretary of Defense to report to Congress on the effects on small businesses of the Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification framework of the Department of Defense, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. PRICE of North Carolina (for himself and Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS):

H.R. 5882. A bill to direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to improve the process for awarding grants under section 235 of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 with respect to opening or funding shelter facilities for unaccompanied alien children, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. SEWELL (for herself and Mr. SMITH of Nebraska):

H.R. 5883. A bill to establish a value-based care program to exempt eligible rural health clinics from certain payment limitations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SPANBERGER (for herself, Mr. CLINE, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. OWENS):

H.R. 5884. A bill to direct the Attorney General to convene a national working group to study proactive strategies and needed resources for the identification and rescue of children from sexual exploitation and abuse, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. STEEL (for herself, Mr. HARD-ER of California, and Mrs. KIM of California):

H.R. 5885. A bill to establish an interagency task force to address the backlog of cargo ships at the Port of Los Angeles and the Port of Long Beach and in the coastal waters of Orange County, California, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mrs. STEEL (for herself and Mr. GROTHMAN):

H.R. 5886. A bill to amend the Railway Labor Act to apply the provisions of such Act to maritime employers and employees in the maritime industry, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. STEUBE (for himself, Mr. ROUZER, Mr. POSEY, Mr. UPTON, Mr. HUIZENGA, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. HUDSON, and Mr. ALLEN):

H.R. 5887. A bill to maintain 2021 H-2A adverse effect wage rates for calendar year 2022 to stabilize United States food prices; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. WAGNER (for herself and Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia):

H.R. 5888. A bill to improve the provision of financial literacy training and information relating to the Blended Retirement System to members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; to the Committee on

Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WELCH (for himself and Ms. CLARKE of New York):

H.R. 5889. A bill to amend title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 to establish a Federal energy efficiency resource standard for retail electricity suppliers and retail natural gas suppliers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. MEEKS (for himself and Mr. McCaul):

H. Con. Res. 59. Concurrent resolution condemning the October 25, 2021, military coup in Sudan and standing with the people of Sudan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ISSA (for himself, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, Mr. JACKSON, Mr. HAGEDORN, Mr. BABIN, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mrs. Hinson, Mr. Fallon, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. GARCIA of California, Mr. Lamborn, Mr. Banks, Mrs. Miller of West Virginia, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. COLE, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. CAL-VERT, Mr. NUNES, Mrs. STEEL, Mr. McClintock, Mr. Valadao, Mr.McCarthy, Mrs. Kim of California, Ms. Stefanik, Mr. Burchett, Mrs. LESKO, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. STEUBE, and Mr. Budd):

H. Res. 772. A resolution recognizing the contributions of gig workers and independent contractors to the American economy; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. KEATING (for himself, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. COSTA, Mr. MEIJER, Mr. KIND, Ms. TITUS, Ms. WILD, and Mr. VARGAS):

H. Res. 773. A resolution reaffirming German-American friendship and cooperation initiative; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. RASKIN:

H.R. 5853.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. McCLINTOCK:

H.R. 5854.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mr. ARMSTRONG:

H.R. 5855.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 5856.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the United States Constitution, providing—"All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives."

By Mr. BERA:

H.R. 5857.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitu-

By Mr. BUCHANAN:

H.R. 5858.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. BUCK:

H.R. 5859.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. BURCHETT:

H.R. 5860.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. EVANS:

H.R. 5861.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1. Section 8. Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 5862.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 12 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 5863.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. GOODEN of Texas:

H.R. 5864.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises to pay the debts and provide for the common Defense and general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1. Thus, Congress has the authority not only to increase taxes, but also, to reduce taxes to promote the general welfare of the United States of America and her citizens. Additionally, Congress has the Constitutional authority to regulate commerce among the States and with Indian Tribes, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. GREEN of Texas:

H.R. 5865.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Necessary and Proper Clause (Art. 1, Sec. 8, Cl. 18)

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 5866.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Const. art. I, §§1 and 8.

By Mrs. HARTZLER:

H.R. 5867.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, clause 14

By Mrs. HARTZLER:

H.R. 5868.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, clause 14

By Mr. KATKO:

H.R. 5869.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, clause 18.

By Mr. KHANNA:

H.R. 5870.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the Constitution gives Congress the power to make laws that are necessary and proper to carry out its enumerated powers.

By Mrs. LURIA:

H.R. 5871.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Constitution, Article 1 Section 8, Necessary and Proper Clause

By Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of

New York:

H.B. 5872

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Ms. MANNING:

H.R. 5873.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I

Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

By Mr. MASSIE:

H.R. 5874.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 8

By Mr. McKINLEY:

H.R. 5875.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. McKINLEY:

H.R. 5876.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8-Powers of Congress. To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. MRVAN:

H.R. 5877.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3 provides Congress with the power to "regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

By Mr. NEGUSE:

H.R. 5878.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 By Ms. NEWMAN:

H.R. 5879.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. O'HALLERAN:

H.R. 5880.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18, section 8 of article 1 of the Constitution

By Mr. PHILLIPS:

H.R. 5881.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

"The Congress shall have Power to . provide for the . . . general Welfare of the United States . .

By Mr. PRICE of North Carolina:

H.R. 5882.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

As described in Article 1, Section 1, "all legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.'

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution provides Congress with the authority to "provide for the common Defense and general Welfare" of Americans.

By Ms. SEWELL:

H.R. 5883.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article 1, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Ms. SPANBERGER:

H.R. 5884.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 of the US Constitution By Mrs. STEEL:

H.R. 5885.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

By Mrs. STEEL:

H.R. 5886.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

By Mr. STEUBE:

H.R. 5887. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I; Section 8; Clause 1 of the Constitution states The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general

Welfare of the United States. By Mrs. WAGNER:

H.R. 5888. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 5889.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof . . .

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 124: Mr. Thompson of Mississippi.

- H.R. 203: Mr. BRADY. H.R. 224: Mr. BRADY. H.R. 255: Mr. Schiff. H.R. 475: Mr. RASKIN and Mr. VALADAO. H.R. 481: Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas. H.R. 549: Ms. Sherrill. H.R. 748: Mr. Krishnamoorthi.
- H.R. 890: Ms. CHIL. H.R. 1012: Mr. Fleischmann, Mr. Valadao, and Ms. HERRELL.
- H.R. 1014: Ms. TLAIB. H.R. 1057: Mr. MCEACHIN.

H.R. 849: Ms. WILD.

- H.R. 1179: Ms. MALLIOTAKIS and Mr. ELLZEY.
- 1297: Mrs. McBath H.R. Mr. and Malinowski.
- H.R. 1348: Ms. Schrier.
- H.R. 1384: Mr. KIND and Mr. DUNCAN.
- H.R. 1453: Ms. CHENEY. H.R. 1518: Mr. UPTON.
- H.R. 1551: Mr. CÁRDENAS.
- H.R. 1553: Mr. MULLIN.
- H.R. 1575: Mr. ROUZER.
- H.R. 1677: Mr. BAIRD.
- H.R. 1680: Mr. VALADAO.
- H.R. 1745: Mr. JOYCE of Ohio.
- H.R. 1946: Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. McKINLEY, and Mr.
 - H.R. 1997: Ms. OMAR and Ms. TLAIB.
 - H.R. 2067: Mr. CASE.
 - H.R. 2076: Ms. Stefanik.
- H.R. 2166: Mr. CARTER of Georgia.
- H.R. 2192: Mr. SHERMAN, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, and Ms. Lois Frankel of Florida.
- H.R. 2230: Mr. KIND and Mr. McGOVERN.
- H.R. 2234: Mr. Stanton.
- H.R. 2249: Mr. Rodney Davis of Illinois, Mr. KAHELE, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. VAN DREW, and Mr. BEYER.
- H.R. 2256: Ms. MATSUI, Mr. ALLRED, and Mr. MFUME.
 - H.R. 2307: Mrs. HAYES.
 - H.R. 2372: Ms. WILD.
 - H.R. 2453: Ms. HOULAHAN.
- H.R. 2455: Mr. Allred.
- H.R. 2509: Mr. Gosar.
- H.R. 2578: Mr. Curtis, Mr. Newhouse, Mr. PFLUGER, Mr. TIMMONS, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. Walberg, Mr. Burgess, Mr. Wittman, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. OWENS, Mr. MULLIN, and Mr. Norman.
 - H.R. 2589: Ms. Stansbury.
 - H.R. 2670: Ms. NEWMAN and Mr. PAYNE.
 - H.R. 2689: Mr. MORELLE.
 - H.R. 2698: Mr. VAN DREW
 - H.R. 2811: Ms. GARCIA of Texas.
 - H.R. 2920: Mr. CARBAJAL.
 - H.R. 3083: Mr. Schweikert.
 - H.R. 3259: Ms. Stefanik and Mr. Stanton.
 - H.R. 3294: Ms. Lois Frankel of Florida.
- H.R. 3306: Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. BURCHETT, and Mrs. Steel.
 - H.R. 3402: Mr. KILDEE.
 - H.R. 3446: Mr. LEVIN of Michigan.
 - H.R. 3461: Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas.
 - H.R. 3541: Mr. STANTON.
- H.R. 3577: Mr. FEENSTRA, Ms. BLUNT ROCH-ESTER, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. LONG, Mr. NOR-CROSS, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. LATTA, Ms.

- HOULAHAN, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. PALMER, and Mr. Fleischmann.
- H.R. 3710: Mr. Amodei, Mr. Kelly of Mississippi, Mr. Garcia of California, Mr. Wil-SON of South Carolina, Mr. PENCE, Mr. MAST, and Mr. Young.
- H.R. 3761: Mrs. TRAHAN.
- H.R. 3897: Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas and Mr. NEGUSE.
- H.R. 3940: Mr. ROUZER.
- H.R. 3990: Ms. Ross.
- H.R. 4114: Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. Morelle.
- H.R. 4131: Mr. Ruppersberger.
- H.R. 4146: Mr. PAYNE and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHI.
 - H.R. 4233: Ms. Tlaib.
 - H.R. 4323: Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER.
- H.R. 4328: Mr. Roy and Mr. GREEN of Texas. H.R. 4395: Ms. Ocasio-Cortez and Mr. MFIIME.
- H.R. 4421: Mr. SIRES.
- H.R. 4454: Mr. BOWMAN.
- H.R. 4455: Ms. SCANLON.
- H.R. 4472: Mr. CÁRDENAS.
- H.R. 4479: Mr. Tonko.
- H.R. 4552: Ms. Sherrill.
- H.R. 4698: Mr. Mooney and Mr. Ellzey.
- H.R. 4801: Mrs. DEMINGS.
- H.R. 4819: Ms. WILD.
- H.R. 4942: Mr. Vela, Mr. Espaillat, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. COHEN, and Mrs. NAPOLITANO.
- H.R. 4944: Mr. Soto and Mr. KILMER.
- H.R. 4996: Mr. NEGUSE.
- H.R. 5008: Mr. KIND.
- H.R. 5026: Mr. GARBARINO, Mrs. AXNE, and Mr. Tiffany.
- H.R. 5048: Mr. GALLEGO.
- H.R. 5058: Mrs. HAYES.
- H.R. 5067: Ms. Delbene.
- H.R. 5096: Mrs. FLETCHER.
- H.R. 5141: Ms. Manning.
- H.R. 5162: Mr. BANKS, Mrs. Steel, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. ELLZEY, and Mr. HICE of Georgia.
- H.R. 5217: Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. MFUME, and Mr. LYNCH.
- H.R. 5394: Ms. WILD.
- H.R. 5428: Mr. Mfume and Mr. Courtney.
- H.R. 5429: Mr. Horsford, Mr. Thompson of California, and Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.
- H.R. 5439: Mr. CASE. H.R. 5509: Mr. BUCHANAN.
- H.R. 5515: Mr. McKinley and Mr. Van
- H.R. 5530: Ms. Manning.
- H.R. 5543: Mr. PAYNE and Mrs. RADEWAGEN. H.R. 5546: Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD and Mr.
- Krishnamoorthi. H.R. 5559: Mr. DONALDS.
- H.R. 5577: Mr. Bera, Mr. Gottheimer, Ms. SLOTKIN, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. Ruiz, and Mrs. Lee of Nevada.
- H.R. 5580: Mr. KINZINGER, Mr. JACKSON, and Mr. Meijer.
- H.R. 5583: Mr. Tonko.
- H.R. 5585: Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. PETERS, Ms. Barragán, Mr. Levin of California, Mr. TONKO, Ms. SCHRIER, and Ms. BLUNT ROCH-ESTER.

- H.R. 5592: Mr. ROUZER.
- H.R. 5608: Mr. KELLER and Mr. WALBERG.
- H.R. 5618: Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia and Ms. JACKSON LEE.
- H.R. 5637: Mr. PHILLIPS and Ms. HOULAHAN. H.R. 5656: Mrs. Hartzler, Mr. Luetke-MEYER, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mrs. BOEBERT, Mr. BROOKS, and Mr. ROUZER.
- H.R. 5665: Mr. RASKIN, Mr. EVANS, and Mrs. LAWRENCE.
- H.R. 5689: Ms. HOULAHAN.
- H.R. 5694: Mr. Allen.
- H.R. 5721: Mr. LEVIN of California.
- H.R. 5738: Ms. HOULAHAN.
- H.R. 5741: Mr. Donalds.
- H.R. 5754: Mr. FERGUSON and Mr. DONALDS.
- H.R. 5768: Mr. Carson and Mr. Stanton.
- H.R. 5771: Mr. CASTEN.
- H.R. 5781: Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. BERA, and Mr. Desaulnier.
- H.R. 5811: Mr. FULCHER and Mr. HUIZENGA. H.R. 5813: Mr. NORMAN, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, and Mr. PERRY.
- H.R. 5828: Mr. NADLER.
- H.R. 5829: Mr. NORMAN.
- H.R. 5834: Mr. CAWTHORN.
- H.R. 5835: Mr. DUNCAN and Mr. GIBBS.
- H.J. Res. 1: Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois.
- H. Con. Res. 21: Mrs. McClain.
- H. Con. Res. 57: Mr. Bucshon.
- H. Res. 114: Mr. CICILLINE.
- H. Res. 266: Mr. FALLON.
- H. Res. 338: Mr. Cárdenas.
- H. Res. 389: Mr. KELLER and Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio.
 - H. Res. 492: Mr. DONALDS.
 - H. Res. 550: Ms. Schakowsky.
- H. Res. 565: Mr. DELGADO, Ms. MENG, and Mr. David Scott of Georgia.
- H. Res. 644: Mr. McKinley.
- H. Res. 766: Mr. O'HALLERAN and Mr. RUTH-ERFORD.
- H. Res. 770: Mr. RUTHERFORD and Mr. DONALDS.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 3 of rule XII, petitions and papers were laid on the clerk's desk and referred as follows:

PT-78. The SPEAKER presented a petition of Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, California, relative to Resolution No. 410-21, urging Congress to pass H.R. 2307, The Energy Innovation and Carbon Dividend Act of 2021; to the Com-

mittee on Energy and Commerce. PT-79. Also, a petition of Mr. Gregory D. Watson, a private citizen of Austin, TX, relative to requesting enactment of legislation which would repeal all existing Federal laws providing for non-citizens to be granted asylum within the United States including provisions to prohibit the reinstatement of asylum by action of the Executive or Judicial branches; to the Committee on the Judiciary.